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Spirit of Jefferson.

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Spirit of Jefferson

BENJAMIN F. BEALL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION IN ADVANCE:

For One Year, - - - $3.00
For Six Months, - - - 1.75
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BALTIMORE CARDS.

Pianos. Pianos.

GOLD MEDAL FOR 1867
Has just been awarded to
CHARLES M. STIEFF,
For the Best Pianos now made over Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York Pianos by the
MARYLAND INSTITUTE.
OFFICE AND WAREROOM No. 7 NORTH LIBERTY St., near Baltimore street, BALTIMORE, MD.

STIEFF'S PIANOS have all the latest improvements, including the AGRAFFE TREBLE, Ivory Fronts, and the Improved French Action, fully warranted for *Five Years*, with the privilege of exchange within 12 months if not entirely satisfactory to purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand, from $50 to $300.

Referees who have our Pianos in use:—Gen. R. E. Lee, Lexington, Virginia. Gen. Robt. Ranson, Wilmington, N. C. John Burns, Dr. L. C. Cordell, Warren Eby, John B. Packett, Charlestown, Thos M. Isbell of Jefferson county, L. B. Burns, of Clarke county. Mrs. Schwartzwelder, Mozart Musical Association of Winchester.

TERMS LIBERAL. A call is solicited.
April 14, 1868—o. d. Oct. 2.

GREAT SALE!

GREAT SALE OF CLOTHING.

5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from $2 to $6.
5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from $2 to $6.
5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from $2 to $6.

5,000 VESTS from $1 50 to $3.
5,000 VESTS from $1.50 to $3.

1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, $12 to $20.
1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, $12 to $20.
1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, $12 to $20.
1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, $12 to $20

500 DRESS SUITS, $15 to $25.
500 DRESS SUITS, $15 to $25.
500 DRESS SUITS, $15 to $25.

OUR IMMENSE STOCK AT PANIC PRICES.

Our Immense Stock of Clothing.
Our Immense Stock of Clothing.
Our Immense Stock of Clothing.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Remember the Goods must be Sold.
Remember the Goods must be Sold.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

AT MARBLE HALL.
MARBLE HALL CLOTHING HOUSE.

1,000 BEST WHITE SHIRTS from $2 to $2 50
1,000 BEST WHITE SHIRTS from $2 to $2 50

CLOTHING, CLOTHING.
CLOTHING, CLOTHING.
CLOTHING, CLOTHING.
CLOTHING, CLOTHING.

☞ Bear in mind these Goods must be sold without regard to Cost at
MARBLE HALL.
SMITH, BROS. & CO.
38 and 40 West Baltimore street.
January 5, 1869—1y.

B. HOUGH. J. G. RIDENOUR. N. R. LANGDON.
HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON,
Commis'n Merchants,
No. 124 South Eutaw Street,
[OPPOSITE BALT. O. R. R. DEPOT.]
BALTIMORE.
☞ ORDERS for all kinds of Merchandise, Salt, Fish, Plaster, Guano, and the various Fertilizers and Farming Implements, promptly filled.

REFERENCES:
HOPKINS, HAANDEN & KEMP, Baltimore.
CARRE, GILPIN & CO., "
BROOKS, FARNSLOCK & CO., "
PENNIMAN & BRO., "
DANIEL MILLER, Pres. Nat. Exc. Bank, Bal'more
C. W. BUTTON, Esq., Lynchburg, Va.
DAVIS, ROPER & CO., Petersburg, Va.
R. H. MILLER, Alexandria, Va.
August 20, 1868—1y.

1869. SPRING & SUMMER, 1869.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

WE have stocked our retail department with a full line of Mens', Boys', and Children's Suits, at prices to suit all classes of buyers.
SPRING OVERCOATS at from $7, $9, $10 and $12 to $14.

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT:
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
In large variety to select from for measure.
Full line of Men's and Boys' FURNISHING GOODS.

NOAH WALKER & CO.,
Washington Building,
165 and 167, W. Baltimore street,
April 6, 1869—odJan 5. Baltimore, Md.

H. K. HOFFMAN, W. J. ARMSTRONG,
GEO. R. STALEY, J. E. CHADWICK.
HOFFMAN, STALEY & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS, LIQUOR
AND
Commission Merchants,
45 South Howard Street,
Between Lombard and Pratt Streets,
BALTIMORE.
☞ Orders for Groceries, and Consignments of Produce, solicited.
January 26, 1869—1y.

Howard House,
Nos. 5 & 7 North Howard Street,
(Two Doors from Baltimore Street,)
BALTIMORE.
THIS Hotel has recently been enlarged, thoroughly renovated and elegantly refurnished throughout; and is now capable of accommodating over 300 guests. Under the management of the present proprietors, it has attained a popularity excelled by no Hotel in the country. Everything which can conduce to the comfort of guests, is furnished with an unsparing hand; and the Howard House offers accommodations to the travelling public equal to any other first class Hotel in the United States.
BATHS, BILLIARD ROOM, BAR, ETC.,
are all unexceptionable, The Proprietors solicit the patronage of the public.
☞ Stages will be at the Depots on arrival of trains, also at the steamers on their arrival, to convey guests and their baggage to the House.
TERMS—$3.00 PER DAY.
N. P. SEWELL,
March 30, 1869—1y. Manager.

WALTER CROOK, JR.,
220 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE,
Dealer in and Manufacturer of
Window Curtains,
Upholstery Goods, Venitian Blinds,
AND
WINDOW SHADES.
MATTRESSES & BEDDING
Furnished at Short Notice.
March 24, 1868—1y.

BLOOMERY FACTORY.
FENCING Plank, Railing, Locust Posts and Gondolas, for sale at the Factory and at Charlestown.
KEARSLEY & SHEERER.
February 13, 1869.

JELLY—assorted—in Wine Glasses and Tumblers, for sale by
WEBY.

BALTIMORE CARDS.

J. H. WINDSOR.] [BERNARD MCGINN.
J. H. WINDSOR & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Hats, Caps & Straw Goods.
Nos. 7 & 9 N. HOWARD ST.
UP STAIRS.
BALTIMORE, MD.
May 12, 1868—1y.

CHAS. M. CHRISTAIN,
WITH
Geo. W. B. Bartlett,
SUCCESSOR TO R. HICKLEY & BRO.,
Dealer in
Foreign & Domestic Hardware,
NO. 8 NORTH HOWARD STREET,
Opposite the Howard House,
BALTIMORE, MD.
☞ Orders from the trade solicited. Goods sold at low figures, and on accommodating terms.
June 30, 1868—1y.

GEO. R. COFFROTH & CO.,
Commission and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco, Snuffs & Cigars.
330 BALTIMORE STREET,
Second Door West of Howard,
BALTIMORE, MD.
May 12, 1868.

BECKHAM, GWIN & CO.
Commis'n Merchants,
NO. 70 SOUTH STREET,
SECOND FLOOR,
BALTIMORE, MD.
January 5, 1869—1y.

FARE $2.50 PER DAY.
National Hotel,
Camden Street, Baltimore.
Fifty steps from Balt. & Ohio R. R.
GOOD FARE AND MODERATE BILLS.
ACTON YOUNG & CO., Proprietors.
February 16, 1869—1y.

Maltby House,
A. B. MILLER, PROPRIETOR
BALTIMORE, MD.
July 30, 1867—1y*.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. S. WHITE.] [JOSEPH TRAPNELL.
WHITE & TRAPNELL,
Attorneys at Law,
Charlestown, W. Va.
WILL Practice in the Courts of Jefferson and adjoining Counties of Virginia and West Virginia. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.
January 12, 1869—6m.

THOS. C. GREEN.] [DAN'L, B. LUCAS.
GREEN & LUCAS,
Attorneys at Law.
HAVING associated ourselves as partners, we will practice in Jefferson and adjoining Counties.
☞ Offices at Charlestown, Shepherdstown and Leesburg.
September 22, 1868—tf.

G. M. BELTZHOOVER,
Attorney at Law.
SHEPHERDSTOWN, W. VA.
☞ Particular attention given to collection of Claims in Jefferson and adjoining counties, and all remittances made promptly.
March 30, 1869—tf.

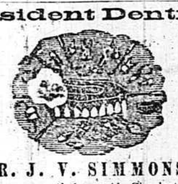
EDWARD C. FREEL,
Attorney at Law
PRACTICES in the Courts of JEFFERSON, BERKELEY, and MORGAN Counties. He will have the advantage of consultation with and advice of Messrs. GREEN & LUCAS, in all business entrusted to him.
☞ Office, opposite Entler's Hotel Shepherdstown, West Va.
November 6, 1867—tf.

ISAAC FOUKE,
Attorney at Law,
Charlestown, Jefferson County,
PRACTICES in the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley and Morgan Counties, W. Virginia, and in those of Loudoun, Frederick and Clark Counties, Virginia; also in the United States District Court in cases in Bankruptcy.
☞ Office in Hunter's Law Row, next door to the Carter House.
July 30, 1867—1y.

WM. H. TRAVERS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia,
WILL practice in the District Courts of the United States for the District of West Virginia.—Particular attention paid to cases in Bankruptcy.
July 30, 1867.

DENTAL NOTICE.
DR. McCORMICK will visit Charlestown *Professionally*, the Second Monday of April, (12th,) May 10th, June 10th, August 9th, September 13th, October 11th, November 8th, and remain a week each time.
CHARGES MODERATE.
☞ Office at the Sappington Hotel.
April 6, 1869.

Resident Dentist.



DR. J. V. SIMMONS,
BEING permanently located in Charlestown, Va., offers his services in every branch of his profession. Freezing or Narcotic Spray used in extracting Teeth.
☞ Charges very moderate.
July 23, 1867—1y.

N. A. WARE, M. D.] [T. H. BUCK, M. D.
DRS. WARE & BUCK,
PRACTICING PHYSICIANS,
LEETOWN, VIRGINIA.
March 9, 1869—odAp7,68.

DR. C. T. RICHARDSON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
CHARLESTOWN.
☞ Messages left at his residence, or at the Drug Store of Aisquith & Bro., will receive prompt attention.
December 24, 1867—6m.

PROFESSIONAL CARD.
DR. JAS. G. WILTSHIRE,
OFFERS his services as Physician and Surgeon, to the citizens in the vicinity of Duffield's Depot, where he will always be found, except when professionally engaged.
April 6, 1869—tf.

UPHOLSTERING.
THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is prepared to repair
SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRASSES,
AND VENITIAN BLINDS.
All orders left with Mr. George W. Sadler, will be promptly attended to.
☞ All work warranted to give satisfaction.
November 3, 1868. W. T. SIMMONS.

Spirit of Jefferson.

BENJAMIN F. BEALL, Editor.

CHARLESTOWN, VA.

Tuesday Morning, April 27, 1869.

Baltimore Reaches for Virginia Trade.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company took place on Wednesday the 14th inst., at Camden Station—J. W. Garratt, Esq., President, in the chair, who referred as follows to the Virginia Valley and Lynchburg and Danville railways:

"There are two subjects in connection with railway improvements of vital importance to this community which will be presented at an early day in a manner that will attract public attention. The aid of the Baltimore and Ohio Company to the Winchester and Strausburg road will effect the opening of the line to Harrisonburg during the next autumn.—There will then be a gap of but 113 miles from Harrisonburg to Salem, the construction of which will not only open the business of the magnificent Valley of Virginia but also open under the most favorable auspices and influences a great line to New Orleans, which will largely command the traffic of the vast intermediate territory. A second gap of but sixty miles exists between Lynchburg and Danville, the filling of which will connect the Orange and Alexandria road with another highly important system of railways, by which an enormous business will necessarily be directed to Baltimore which now goes to the coast. The leading citizens in these sections are extremely anxious to get these roads constructed. They want, in view of the advantages to their regions, enlarged commercial intercourse with Baltimore. They are willing to contribute largely for the work themselves. The counties upon the Valley line propose to subscribe $1,200,000. They propose to ask the city of Baltimore to subscribe a million to their stock. The Lynchburg and Danville interests propose to supply all that will be requisite but half a million. This sum they wish to obtain from the city of Baltimore. Under these circumstances large delegations of the most eminent citizens in Virginia,—Messrs. Harman, Barbour, Stuart, Baldwin, Pendleton, General Robert E. Lee, and others of equal prominence and influence—it is expected, will visit Baltimore about the 21st of this month to confer with the authorities and citizens of Baltimore. It will be seen, as a mere railroad question, that the Baltimore and Ohio Company has but little interest in these extensions, whilst incalculable benefit would result from their construction to the business interests of Baltimore. As this company is now engaged in enterprises for the prosecution of which all its resources are required, those connected with it can only act as citizens and co-operate to secure the requisite capital. It has been found heretofore impossible to obtain the large sums necessary for such works from individuals. Therefore the only practicable plan appears to be for the city to render the necessary assistance. It is the judgment of many who have carefully considered the subject that if the city of Baltimore can by subscribing $1,000,000 to the Valley line and $500,000 to the Lynchburg and Danville line, secure their construction, and thus open these direct and first class avenues to Baltimore, this community will absolutely gain in advantages and net profits of the vast business that will be thus commanded not less than the aggregate amount ($1,500,000) in each and every year after their completion. In that judgment the Chair fully concurs. It is stated that three hundred delegates will visit Baltimore. If, when those gentlemen arrive, full co-operation is extended, and the facts and interests connected with these great subjects be presented and understood in the community and in the City Council, and aid be granted, it will undoubtedly lead to results in the commercial progress of Baltimore as important and valuable, in connection with the southern trade, as the developments and extensions of the Baltimore and Ohio road are bringing about with the trade of the West, Northwest, and the Southwest. The Chair feels that the importance and magnitude of the interests involved in these enterprises cannot be too earnestly urged.

MANUSCRIPT SERMONS.—From an exchange we copy the following local incident:

"Bishop Meade, of Virginia, at the commencement of his preaching used no notes in the pulpit; but subsequently he wrote all his sermons and was much confined to his manuscripts. It is related of him when he was preparing a book upon the old preachers and families of Virginia, he asked Mr. Andrew Hunter, of Jefferson county, Va., to give him some anecdotes for the work.—"Well, Bishop I have only one, and that is about yourself." "Let us have it then," said the prelate. Mr. H. then told the following:

"Many years ago, when this Valley of Virginia, was a much wilder country than now, you preached here in Jefferson county. You used no notes on that occasion. A certain hunter distinguished for his skill with the rifle, and who had a supreme contempt for a man who required 'a rest' from which to shoot, was in the congregation and listened attentively to you. You wore your clerical robes, and he was struck with the strange dress as he had not heard many Episcopal preachers.—After the sermon, some one asked him how he liked the preacher. "He's a right down good preacher, said the hunter; and, by the way, he's the only one of them petticoat preachers that I ever heard *that could preach without a rest.*"

— Mr. Edward Connelly, who was boarding at Mrs. Bolen's, on the corner of Augusta Street and Spring Lane, in Staunton, was seriously injured, about 4 o'clock on last Saturday morning. He got up from his bed, hoisted a third story window, and stepped out, falling to the pavement, a distance of about 25 feet. When in the act of falling he seized hold of the outside shutter, letting himself down to his full length, thus, to some extent, breaking the force of the fall. He fell upon his feet, fracturing the bones in his right leg from the knee down, and severely spraining the left ankle and foot.

— Mrs. Partington says one is obliged to walk very circumscrumptiously these slippery times.

The Johnston Surrender.

Letter from General Sherman—Interesting Circumstances of the Surrender Recalled—Mr. Lincoln's Views at the Time.

The New York *Tribune* prints the following letter from General Sherman, remarking editorially that it does honor to its distinguished author:

To the Editor of the Tribune:

SIR: In your issue of yesterday is a notice of Mr. Healy's picture, representing the interview between Mr. Lincoln, Gen. Grant, Admiral Porter, and myself, which repeats substantially the account published some time ago in *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times*, explanatory of that interview, and attributing to Mr. Lincoln himself the paternity of the terms to Gen. Johnston's army at Durham, in April, 1865.

I am glad you have called public attention to the picture itself, because I feel a personal interest that Mr. Healy should be appreciated as one of our very best American artists.—But some friends here think by silence I may be construed as willing to throw off on Mr. Lincoln the odium of those terms. If there be any odium, which I doubt, I surely would not be willing that the least show of it should go to Mr. Lincoln's memory, which I hold in too much veneration to be stained by anything done or said by me. I understand that the substance of Mr. Wilkes' original article was compiled by him after a railroad conversation with Admiral Porter, who was present at that interview, as represented in the picture, and who made note of the conversation immediately after we separated. He would be more likely to have preserved the exact words used on the occasion, than I who made no notes, then or since. I cannot now even pretend to recall more than the subjects touched upon by the several parties, and the impression left on my mind after we parted. The interview was in March, nearly a month before the final catastrophe; and it was my part of the plan of operations to move my army, reinforced by Schofield, then at Goldsboro', N. C., to Burkesville, Va., when Lee would have been forced to surrender in Richmond. The true move left to him was a hasty abandonment of Richmond, join his force to Johnston's, and strike me in the open country. The only question was: could I sustain this joint attack till Gen. Grant came up in pursuit? I was confident I could; but at the very moment of our conversation General Grant was moving General Sheridan's heavy force of cavalry to his extreme left, to prevent this very contingency. Mr. Lincoln, in hearing us speak of a final bloody battle, which I then thought would fall on me near Raleigh, did exclaim more than once, that blood enough had already been shed, and he hoped that the war would end without any more. We spoke of what was to be done with Davis, other party leaders, and the rebel army; and he left me under the impression that all he asked of us was to dissipate these armies, and get the soldiers back to their homes anyhow, the quicker the better, leaving him free to apply the remedy, and the restoration of Civil Law. He, (Mr. Lincoln) surely left upon my mind the impression warranted by Admiral Porter's account, that he had long thought of his course of action when the rebel armies were out of his way, and that he wanted to get civil government reorganized at the South, the quicker the better, and strictly conforming with our general system.

I had been absent so long that I presumed, of course, that Congress had enacted all the laws necessary to meet the event of peace, so long expected, and the near approach of which must then have been seen by the most obtuse; and all I aimed to do was to remit the rebel army surrendering to me to the conditions of the laws of the country as they then existed. At the time of Johnston's surrender at Durham, I drew up the terms with my own hand. Breckinridge had nothing at all to do with them, more than to discuss their effect, and he knew they only applied to the military, and he forthwith proceeded to make his escape from the country, a course that I believe Mr. Lincoln wished that Mr. Davis should have succeeded in effecting, as well as all the other leading Southern politicians, against whom public indignation always turned with a feeling far more intense than against Generals Lee, Johnston, and other purely military men.

I repeat that, according to my memory, Mr. Lincoln did not expressly name any specific terms of surrender, but he was in that kindly and gentle frame of mind that would have induced him to approve fully what I did, excepting probably he would have interlined some modifications, such as recognizing his several proclamations antecedent, as well as the laws of Congress, which would have been perfectly right and acceptable to me and to all parties.

I dislike to open this or any other old question, and do it for the reason stated, viz., lest I be construed as throwing off on Mr. Lincoln what his friends think should be properly borne by me alone.

If in the original terms I had, as I certainly meant, included the proclamation of the President, they would have covered the slavery question and all the real State question which caused the war; and had not Mr. Lincoln been assassinated at that very moment, I believe those "terms" would have taken the usual course of approval, modification, or absolute disapproval, and been returned to me, like hundreds of other official acts, without the newspaper clamor and unpleasant controversies so unkindly and unpleasantly thrust upon me at the time. I am, truly, yours,

W. T. SHERMAN, General
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11, 1869.

— Probably the most contented postmaster in the world lives at Pretropavolvsk, in Kamschatka. Only one regular mail is received there annually; sometimes the mail misses, as mails do everywhere, and then the postmaster has nothing to do for two whole years. This happy official enjoys a salary of three or four hundred roubles.

— The 50th anniversary of the organization of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in the United States will be appropriately celebrated by Madison Lodge, of Winchester, on Monday the 26th of April, 1869. An address will be delivered by the Rev. T. B. Shepherd.

— We have been shown specimens of what is supposed silver ore, discovered in the mountains of this county. It has all the appearance of that preious metal Specimens have been sent to expert mineralogists and in a short time we will have a report.—*Page Courier.*

POETICAL.

[For the Spirit of Jefferson.]

SING FOR ME.

BY WILLIE S. HIGGINS.

Oh, sing for me that sweet, sad song once more!
'Twill ease my weary weight of pain;
I heard it fast in that bright land
Where Miami flows o'er silver sand,
E'er I wore the foeman's chain.

I loved that song when but a boy
I roamed the orange bowers among;
Our glorious land was ever bright,
Our hearts were free from care or blight,
'Twas then that song my sister sung.

Since that blest time my sister's blood
Dyed red the sand where oft I trod;
The foemen fired our peaceful home;
And I in other lands now roam.
With scarce a friend save God.

Yes, lady, sing that song once more,
'Twill call up memories of the past;
Your harp-strings waken once again,
And let me hear that sweet refrain,
Perhaps it may be my last.

Cameron's Depot, Jeff. Co., March 21, 1869.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Real Hero—A Scene at Sea.

Two weeks ago, on board an English steamer, a little ragged boy aged nine years, was discovered on the fourth day of the outward voyage from Liverpool to New York, and carried before the first mate, whose duty it was to deal with such cases. When questioned as to the object of his being stowed away, and who brought him on board, the boy, who had a beautiful sunny face, and eyes that looked like the very mirrors of truth, replied that his stepfather did it, because he could not afford to keep him, nor to pay his passage out to Halifax, where he had an aunt who was well off, and to whose house he was going. The mate did not believe the story, in spite of the winning face and truthful accents of the boy. He had seen too much of stow-aways to be easily deceived by them, he said; and it was his firm conviction that the boy had been brought on board and provided with food by the sailors. The little fellow was very roughly handled in consequence. Day by day he was questioned and requestioned, but always with the same result. He did not know a sailor on board, and his father alone had secreted him, and given him the food which he ate.

At last the mate, wearied by the boy's persistence in the same story, and perhaps a little anxious to inculpate the sailors, seized him one day by the collar, and, dragging him to the fore, told him that unless he confessed the truth in ten minutes from that time he would hang him to the yard arm. He then made him sit down under it on the deck.—All around him were the passengers and sailors of the midday watch, and in front of him stood the inexorable mate, with his chronometer in his hand, and the other officers of the ship by his side. It was the finest sight, said our informant, that we had ever beheld—to see the pale, proud, sorrowful face of that noble boy, his head erect, his beautiful eyes bright through the tears that suffused them. When eight minutes had fled the mate told him that he had but two minutes to live, and advised him to speak the truth and save his life; but he replied, with the utmost simplicity and sincerity, by asking the mate if he might pray.

The mate said nothing, but nodded his head, and turned as pale as a ghost, and shook with trembling like a reed with the wind.—And there, all eyes turned upon him, this brave and noble little fellow, this poor waif whom society owned not, and whose own stepfather could not care for him—there he knelt, with clasped hands and eyes upraised to Heaven, while he repeated audibly the Lord's Prayer, and prayed the dear Lord Jesus to take him to Heaven.

Our informant adds that there then occurred a scene as of Pentecost. Sobs broke from strong, hard hearts, as the mate sprang forward to the boy and clasped him to his bosom, and kissed him and blessed him and told him how sincerely he now believed his story, and how glad he was that he had been brave enough to face death and be willing to sacrifice his life for the truth of his own word.—*New York Sun.*

The Walk at Night.

It was a lonely district in the country, and the family had neither bread nor flour. No flour could be obtained until dark, and there was no one to go for it but Annette, a young girl. A mile, and alone, part of the way through woods, the mother trembled to send her; yet they could not starve. It was moonlight and a glorious evening, and Annette bravely undertook the task. The flour was not quite ready from the mill, and she had to wait some time. Then she started homeward with her bag, looking and listening every way for sights and sounds. In the distance she heard the roll of wheels and the voices of men shouting and singing, and coming nearer. Poor girl! how she trembled and tried to hide in the shadow of the woods while they would pass. As they drew near she recognized an old familiar tune and the words of a joyful Christian hymn. Just as they passed, the name of Jesus greeted her, and the happy words,

Wash all my sins away!

They looked at her with her white bonnet and bag shining in the moonlight, but rode on, and Annette with a light heart walked the rest of the way fearing no evil.

The mother, anxious to distress, stood at the gate watching for her child. "Were you afraid?" "Yes, mother, until I heard men singing a hymn to Jesus, and then I knew they were good men, and I was afraid no more."

SINGING.—Singing is a great "institution." It oils the wheels of care, and supplies the place of sunshine. A man who sings has a good heart. Such a man not only works more willingly, but more constantly. A singing cobbler will earn as much money again as one who gives way to low spirits and indigestion. An avaricious man never sings.—The man who attacks singing throws a stone at the head of hilarity, and would, if he could, rob June of its roses and August of its meadow larks. Singing promotes health, strengthens the voice, the organs of the throat and lungs, and prevents or cures consumption.—Singing is an excellent agent for promoting mental hygiene.—*Herald of Health.*

— A newspaper in Oregon publishes marriages under the heading, "Fixed to Stay."—A friend at our elbow suggests that, in Chicago, the proper title for marriage notices would be "Nix for Stay."

[From the Baltimore American.]

Murder in Harford County, Maryland—A Seducer Killed by His Victim.

The quiet village of Jarrettsville, Harford county, was thrown into a state of the utmost excitement and confusion by a tragedy which occurred in its bounds on Saturday evening last, about six o'clock. Nicholas McComas, a young man living about two miles from the village, was shot and almost instantly killed by Miss Martha J. Cairns, who resides the same distance from Jarrettsville, but in a different direction from it than the house of McComas. The accounts given of the melancholy affair render it certain that McComas seduced Miss Cairns over a year ago, under promise of marriage, and in January last a child was born, which is living at the present time. Miss Cairns frequently importuned McComas to fulfil his promise of marrying her, but by equivocations and excuses he evaded her requests until she felt towards him no other feeling than utter hatred and determination to avenge her injuries.

On Saturday evening he had ridden into Jarrettsville for the purpose of attending a meeting of a militia company, of which he was a member, and at the time of the murder was in the yard, at the rear of the tavern.—Miss Cairns followed him to Jarrettsville, and, on arriving at the tavern, dismounted from her horse, fastened him securely, and, passing into the ladies' apartment, removed her riding skirt, her hat, and other incumbrances that might retard her movements. Leaving the ladies' apartment, with a Colt's revolver in her hand, she walked directly through the bar room, which was full of men, and stepped out upon a back porch, which overlooked the yard, where McComas was. Standing in the doorway, opening from the bar on the porch, she took deliberate aim with her pistol at McComas and fired, he being scarcely ten paces distant from her.

The bullet struck him in the breast, and as he reeled wildly towards the pillars which held on the porch, she fired two more shots, neither of which took effect. He clasped the pillars of the porch, and endeavored to sustain himself by them, but weak as he was from the wound, his strength failed him, and he fell to the ground. She walked directly to him and, standing over him, fired the two last shots from her revolver into his body, one lodging in his right leg and the other in the groin.—Still carrying her revolver in her hand, she passed back through the crowd of men, who, as if stricken senseless by the awful scene being enacted before their eyes, did not move a finger to bar her passage. Along the porch, through the bar-room, and back to the ladies' apartment, she walked without showing a trace of emotion or a qualm or nervousness.

In the dressing room she resumed her riding habit, and again mounting her horse, she galloped back toward her home, and had gone a considerable distance from the village before any one thought of following her. Mr. Jarrett rode after her, and joined her about a mile from Jarrettsville. She asked him if McComas was dead? He replied yes, when she said, "I told him what I was going to do."—She exhibited no signs of regret, and was apparently as composed as if she had just finished the most ordinary action.

On Sunday she rode to Bellair and gave herself up to the authorities. Miss Cairns is about thirty, and McComas was thirty-seven years of age. Both the parties belonged to highly respectable families, and held a foremost position in the social life of the county. The feeling of excitement in regard to this act of summary retribution runs very high in the neighborhood, but public opinion is generally on the side of Miss Cairns.

McComas is supposed to have been killed by the first shot which struck him, and the last two shots were probably fired into his dead body.

Some time since Miss Cairns brought suit against McComas for breach of promise and seduction, but the case has not yet come to trial.

"Crossin' de Line."

Wednesday morning John Kennedy was arraigned before the police court on a charge preferred by Randolph Williams of trespassing on his premises and destroying his crops.—The parties are the proprietors of premises in the neighborhood of Chimborazo. From Randolph's account, and those of his witnesses, John Kennedy was a trespasser from Trespassville, and the magistrate was about to bind John over to keep the peace, when he appealed thus:

"Why, look a here, Cote. Hole on, Cote. Why, hi; you ain't heard my witness yit."

Court: "Well, sir, call them in."

John's witnesses were called, and in a few minutes an entirely different aspect was put upon the case. Randolph got to be solicitous as he saw the disturber of his peaceful possessions getting the advantage of him, and he could not refrain from expressing at the end of some of the sentences of his opposing witnesses, "Great day in de' mornin'; but did I *ever* hear sich as dat?"

Witness: "He didn't trespass 'tall. He didn't cross de line, because dere was de line dar whar he contain for, and dat was his line; and he want on de yuther side of de line which he was on dis side of de line."

Court: "What do you mean?"

Witness: "De line whar's his line, and dat's de line which he contain for, an he ain't got no bizness on dis side."

Court: "Here, I'll dismiss this case. Don't let me hear of any more disturbance."

John: "All right, Cote, I ain't gwine 'sturb him."

Witness: "Say, Jedge, lem me speak a word, please?"

John: "All right, Cote, I ain't gwine 'sturb him."

Court: "That will do—go on and behave yourselves."

John: "All right, Cote, I ain't gwine 'sturb him. Good mornin', Cote!"

[*Richmond Dispatch.*

— A little girl was very fond of preaching to her dolls. Her mother one day heard her reproving one of them for being so wicked.

"Oh, you naughty, sinful child," she said, shaking the waxen limbs, "you'll go to the lake of brimstone, and you won't burn up—you'll just sizzle."

— A French paper gives the following, which is not very new, but is always good: An old man of sixty in the prisoner's dock was sentenced to twenty years' hard labor.—"O, thank you, dear judge; thank you. I didn't hope to live so long."

Spirit of Jefferson.

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[From the Missouri Democrat.]

Dean-Boker Case in St. Louis—The Daughter of a Prominent Physician Elopes With a Carriage Driver.

Some time ago—it matters not how long—a dashing and good looking young Irishman obtained the situation of carriage driver to a popular and fashionable physician, whos practice is confined to the "upper ten" of Lucas place and other wealthy neighborhoods. John was a "broth of a boy," with a smooth, rosy cheek, a sparkling eye and tidy leg, and a very winning tongue in his head. As for impudence, he had a full share of that useful commodity, and considered himself just as good as the best man in the wide world. In driving the Doctor around to visit his patients, John frequently got a glimpse of the pretty faces that appeared at the windows, and he was not too modest to return with a smile the sly glances thrown at him. One face in particular attracted John's attention, because it was very beautiful, and because, too, it threw upon him such tender looks that his heart was carried away entirely. John, being hopelessly in love, set to work to lessen the distance existing between him and his charmer. He saw the great barrier, which, like a Giant's Causeway, separated his idol from him and he resolved to overleap it and make her his own.

After revolving in his mind many plans and expedients, John came to the conclusion that he would become a doctor. He saw in the example of his employer that the wand of the physician opened the doors of the wealthy and fashionable, and that a good looking Doctor was the pet of society. He read the list of the successful physicians of the city, and found that many of them had married into rich families, and why should he not get a diploma, marry an heiress, and live in a De Sota stone front? Getting a diploma, however, is not such an easy thing. John resigned his situation as Jehu, and read medical books diligently for several weeks, but the hard words refused to stick in his memory because, faith, the image of the belle of Lucas place was then in full strength, and there was no room for the Materia Medica. He persevered, however, and as a medical student visited his beloved, and they exchanged vows of everlasting fidelity.

The affair came to the ears of the rich parents of the young lady, and they set their faces resolutely against the match. John was forbidden the house, and the belle was locked up in her room and watched by one who was more vigilant than a Spanish duenna. But bolts and bars only added fuel to the flame of her love, and in her solitude she thought of nothing but John. It was so romantic to be locked up and watched! John, after vainly trying to master the contents of his books, threw them away in disgust, and obtained a situation as conductor on a street car. He watched his chance, and at last found means to communicate with his lady love, and learned from her that she was willing to defy her parents and throw herself into his arms on the first opportunity. To make a long story short, the young lady managed to elude the vigilance of her jailor, and flying on the wings of love to her darling conductor, they were united in the bonds of wedlock in spite of parental opposition. The wedding took place a day or two ago, and the young couple are now spending the honeymoon at a quiet and genteel hotel in a fashionable quarter of the city.—The parents of the lady were, of course, greatly shocked at the conduct of their beautiful daughter; but we venture to say it will not be many days before their anger subsides, and that the "old man" will yet live to be as proud of his son-in-law as Col. Benton was of Gen. Fremont. We suppress the names of the parties, but the circumstances are true.

Let us be Contented.

Rothschild with all his wealth must be satisfied with the same sky that is over the head of the poor man. He cannot order a private sunset, that he may enjoy it with a select circle of friends, nor can he add one single ray to the clear, bright beam of the queen as she sails magnificently through the heavens. The richest banker cannot have more than his share of the air to breathe, and the poorest of all men can have the same.—Wealth may buy a brilliant bracelet, dazzling with diamonds and rubies, but wealth cannot buy a graceful and well turned arm on which to display its splendor. God only can give that; and to many of the poor he has given it.

"I wish I had the health of that rosy peasant girl," signed the aristocratic invalid, propped up with pillows in her costly carriage. "Ah me!" said the girl, "if I could only ride in such style as that!" Wealth cannot purchase health, nor can it give a contented mind. All that is most valuable can be had for nothing. They come as presents from the hand of a kind and indulgent parent, and neither the air nor the sky, nor beauty, health, strength, nor genius can be bought nor sold. Whatever may be the condition in life, remember these things, and therewith be content.

DODGING THE HATTER.—An individual purchased a hat in a shop kept by a tradesman named Dodgion. The article was got in the absence of the proprietor, and the purchaser left the shop, entirely forgetting (by mistake, of course,) to pay for the aforesaid tile. The tradesman, upon hearing the facts, started in hot pursuit of the delinquent.—Upon overhauling him, the following scene occurred:

"See here, sir, I wish to speak to you."

"Speak on."

"I am Dodgion, the hatter."

"That's my fix."

"I tell you, I am Dodgion the hatter."

"So am I! I'm dodging the hatter, too; and very likely we are both dodging the same chap."

— Lorenzo Dow, the itinerant preacher so famous in his lifetime for his eccentricity, commenced his sermon on one occasion by reading from St. Paul, "I can do all things." The preacher paused, took off his spectacles, laid them on the open Bible, and said, "No, Paul, you're mistaken for once; I'll bet you five dollars you can't, and stake the money." At the same time, putting his hand into his pocket, he took out a five dollar bill, laid it upon the Bible, took up his spectacles again, and read—"through Jesus Christ our Lord." "Ah! Paul," exclaimed the preacher smoothing up the five dollar bill and replacing it in his pocket—"that's a different matter; the bet's withdrawn."

— Pay your subscription to the *Spirit.*

Spirit of Jefferson.

BENJAMIN F. BEALL, Editor.

CHARLESTOWN, VA.

Tuesday Morning, April 27, 1869.

ROOTING BY THE ROADSIDE.

A delegation of eminent roosters belonging to the Methodist Church, or claiming that the Methodist Church belongs to them, have visited General Grant, says the New York *Democrat*, to call his attention to the fact that in the distribution of offices made since he became President the Methodist Church has not received its full share. The bishop who called upon the President claims that the Methodist Church has rendered more service to the party in power than any other, and has a right to demand a larger share in the distribution of appointments. Grant replied in substance that Mr. Cresswell, Postmaster General, was the representative of the Northern Methodist Church. Also that Mr. Lincoln appointed Mr. Harlan to the interior department at the request of the Methodist bishops, as an acknowledgment of the obligations the party was under to the Methodists for their support.—He also stated that, if one member of the cabinet was enough to represent the Methodists under Lincoln, it should be enough now; and referred the parties applying to him to the present Postmaster General, whom he presumed would see that a sufficient number of Methodists were appointed postmasters, route-agents, or something of that sort, to satisfy the demands of those followers of Christ who, for the past few years, have been politically "rooting by the roadside."

The Methodists of this country deserve well at the hands of Grant. Aye, they deserve more than well. As a church they profess more Christianity than their neighbors, and we believe are the only professing Christians in the country who claim to arrive at perfection while on earth. There are other denominations claiming to reach a point very little below perfection. We are personally acquainted with Methodists who insist that they have passed the religious Rubicon and now stand in the race for glory even with Christ, and at least one foot ahead of the angels.—They deserve well of Grant for several reasons. Professing Christianity; ostensibly engaged in the plan of salvation as lined out by the immortal Saviour of the world; claiming to teach morality, sobriety, honesty, frugality, peace on earth and good will to all men, and a dependence upon Almighty God, the Methodist Church for the past ten years has been, as a whole, nothing but a ranting, canting body of political debaters, willing at any time to crucify the Saviour afresh for the avowed benefit of the nigger, if by so doing they could add to their power, popularity, or hope of obtaining office.

Professing to love the beautiful Christ, who was all goodness; professing a desire to choose for their model on earth men who partook in some degree of His character, the Methodists, who have knowingly and persistently, in season and out of season, worked and voted for profane, cold hearted, selfish, intemperate men, should have the fattest of offices while on earth as some make-up for the great punishment they will receive in the hereafter, if the doctrines they teach be true. Those who profess religion, temperance, and morality, yet who work to place in power those possessing none of those qualities, should certainly be paid on earth, for we doubt of there being any credit to them in the hereafter.

A NEGRO PROPOSES.

Away up in Michigan there are a few American citizens over whose countenances is spread the distinguishing impress of Senegambian darkness. These are the especial pets of radicalism, and the philanthopic Northern heart throbs with irrepressible emotions for their elevation and improvement. The word of light and truth is read to and taught them, and the missionary labors of zealous radical daughters, are onerous in the extreme. Sabbath after Sabbath, in cities and towns, these pet lambs are gathered within the fold, and the bread of life is broken to them after the peculiar style of Puritanism. A story is told of a young lady who labored in one of these colored Sabbath schools in Detroit. Being an enthusiast, who had swallowed the doctrine of the equality of the races with the same avidity that a duck would swallow a tadpole, she had devoted herself to the instruction of a class of colored boys, in whose advancement in divine knowledge she felt an especial pride. Under her indefatigable zeal, her boys had mastered the chatechism, and one of them had progressed so far as to feel himself authorized to propound a question to his adored teacher. This he did by note, in the following style:—

Mos' Lubly and affecshunate—

I loves you and wants to marry you. I know you is good and likes me. Neber mind what the world says; I will make you happy. I wanted to tell you Before, but now it is Unbearable. Yours till death.

The account adds that the young lady was shocked. She ought to have been. Two or three heavily charged galvanic batteries ought to have been applied to her, until her negro sympathies were thoroughly shocked out of her. Then if she possessed any religious sensibilities, she might have turned her labors in another direction, and sought the improvement of the moral and religious condition of the children of her own color. We hope the buck negroes of the north will continue to shock these *she* radicals, until they learn some practical sense.

☞ Louis Napoleon said every man in France should vote his sentiments, but that no votes must be cast against the Empire. The Constitution of the U. S. says that amendments must pass by the free action of the States, and Congress tells us, do as you please, but if you don't please to do as we tell you, then neither Virginia, Mississippi nor Texas shall be entitld to representation in Congress. We hope Virginia will be unrepresented till the crack of doom, rather than abase herself by ratifying the XVth amendment.

THE WAR SPECK.

The London *Times*, in a recent leader, speaks in a very flattering tone of the appointment of Mr. Motley as Minister to the Court of St. James. The conclusion of the article alluded to is as follows: "It is a great thing, however, to feel ourselves demonstrably in the right. This country has gone to the extreme of concession in the matter of the Alabama claims. It has agreed to refer everything except its own honor to arbitration and to the judgement of a mixed commission. It has agreed to give Americans who profess to have been wronged every opportunity to assert their claims by providing that the commission shall hold its sittings at Washington. Except absolute submission to every demand the Americans may choose to make, there is nothing further that could have been conceded. The convention, in which all this is stipulated, has been the work of their own Minister and their own Secretary of State, and has received the assent of their own President. If they now set it aside our duty will simply be to abstain altogether from further overtures, and let any proposal for a renewal of negotiations proceed from the American Government. As for that downright demand for payment which our American correspondent describes as being advocated in the United States, this country would, of course, know how to treat it; but we have not the smallest belief that President Grant's government contemplates a course of action so unfriendly and offensive. It is more likely that, assuming the present convention to be set aside, Mr. Motley will be instructed to open negotiations for another, differing somewhat in machinery, but embodying similar principles. Should this be the case, our Government will be ready to give the proposals a fair consideration. Should it, on the other hand, be the desire of the Americans to keep the question still unsettled, the British nation, having fully manifested its good disposition, will not feel bound, however, to initiate fresh negotiations. In any case, we shall welcome Mr. Motley, not only as an old friend, but as one who has the confidence of a really powerful Executive, and of the most powerful political party in the United States.

The London *Post*—a conservative whig organ—in its issue of the 22d of April, has an elaborate editorial article on the Cuban question, in which it mentions that it is asserted that President Grant has a longing eye upon Cuba and would not be unwilling to distract the attention of the people of the United States from catching the course of internal affairs by a war with some foreign power. A conflict with Spain cannot leave any doubt respecting the issue, unless England and France should interfere. A blow dealt towards the whole of the West Indies, and the acquisition of Cuba might be followed by that of Jamaica and Martinque. The same paper quotes the recent requisitions of territory by the United States as a proof that it wants to acquire by piecemeal all the possessions held by European powers in that latitude, and would naturally begin with Cuba because it belongs to the weakest of the powers having settlements in the West Indies.—France and England will doubtless determine whether these designs against Cuba will be tolerated, or aid Spain in retaining her colony.

The French press has agitated the question much in the same tenor, and special meetings of the French cabinet were held on Tuesday and Wednesday, which resulted in a special envoy being sent last night to London with dispatches referring to the present complication of events.

BROADBRIMS TO THE FRONT.

The New York *Herald* is somewhat caustic on the administration for the numerous appointments as Indian agents from among that highly respected class of citizens known as Friends—vulgarly styled Quakers. It says that it would seem that the administration had been recently impressed with the schoolbook pictures illustrating that venerable old Quaker, William Penn, making treaties with the aborigines of Pennsylvania and thinks that the selection of these worthy men will result in the peaceful solution of our Indian troubles. Perhaps so. But in this connection we are reminded, as the lamented Lincoln would say, of a little story. On a certain occasion a Western Baptist preacher consulted a well known Quaker philanthropist on the propriety of the former undertaking a missionary journey among the Indians of the Northwest. "Thee may go, friend Harkness, and I bid the good speed. I only hope thou wilt come back with all the ha'r on the top of thy head."

CONFIRMED.

Last week, the Senate of the United States, among its last acts, previous to adjournment, confirmed the nomination of Mr. John S. Carlisle, of this State, as Minister to Sweden. This result was not obtained, however, without bitter opposition, which at one period seemed to render the confirmation a matter of extreme doubt. This appointment is by no means satisfactory to the great body of the radical party of West Virginia, who do not regard the appointee as a fair exponent of the principles of their party; and there are many who entertain very reasonable doubts whether his sympathies are with the party in its ruinous policy. But Johnny is a slippery fellow at best, and we expect that Grant's disposition of him, is about as good as any that could have been made.

WOMEN IN OFFICE.—The war has commenced. Western women have tasted the apple of office. They cry for more, and are determined to have it or perish in the attempt. Miss Angie King wants the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., and is determined to oust the present incumbent, a poor old fellow of the masculine gender. She writes to her "dear Mrs. Livermore," of the Chicago *Agitator*, as follows:—

JANESVILLE, Wis., April 12, 1869.

My Dear Mrs. Livermore:—

At present I do not feel at liberty to expose all the "wirepulling" of the politicians in the case of the Janesville Post Office. But I assure you that "thereby hangs a tale" that I intend to narrate if they do not "come down handsomely" with the "sugar plums."

Truly, yours, ANGIE KING.

— At an editorial convention in Switzerland, it was stated, a few weeks ago, that there was not in the whole country an editor who received a salary of five thousand francs.

A Magnificent Lie.

Some sensationist, who scribbles for the *Atlantic Monthly*, gets off the following, which those who were residents here during the excitement of the Brown raid, will recognize as a first class lie, gotten up for the delectation of the fanatics of the North. It purports to be the substance of an interview between a Union officer and an escaped slave, the latter having become a servant of the former during the war:—

"Antony grew rapidly in favor with all.—Officers, privates and servants were equally glad to see his pleasant face. No service he could do a Yankee was too great—no labor too much. His strength was prodigious.—He could carry a barrel of flour, lifting it by the chines with his teeth; and he was willing to put this great strength to any use that was required. I talked to him about his former life, and one day, when he was busy brushing my clothes, I said:

"Antony, did you ever see John Brown?"

"Do you mean Mr. Brown dey hanged at Charlestown?"

"Yes."

"Know him? Yes, sar'—he dropped his brush and straitened up—"Yer, sar; I was one ob his lootenants."

"His what?"

"His lootenants."

"What do you mean? He had none."

"Yes, sar; de wite folks said de cullud people didn't care fur him, an didn't want to help him; but de cullud folks roun' yer was all down on his paper. Dey were roled, an we met, sar, in de woods, Sundays and nights, an got ready to fight fur him when he called us—an I was chose lootenant ob de cullud people in Shepherdstown."

"How many do you think were on the rolls?"

"Can't tell yer, sar, jes how many, but a dreffle sight more'n a thousan."

"But if that was true, why didn't you come to the Ferry and help him?"

"'Cos we wus afraid. De cullud people's been cheated so often by de white folks, dat when dey struck de blow too soon at the Ferry, we was afraid we was agoin' ter be cheated."

"I don't understand about striking too soon."

"Why, ye see, sar, Mr. Brown told us dat we should get leab to come home on Saturday fur Sunday; an' a right smart lot o' folks came home, more'n ever in de summer; even more'n Christmas; fur ye see de servant are hired out roun' de country. We was all ter be dar Sunday; an' den, when they 'spected we'd be all gone back to our places, Monday, we'd wait in de mountains back ob de Ferry, till Mr. Brown gabe de word, an' den all hurry dar ter jine him. We folks didn't know what ter do when Monday came cos we hurd de news dat Mr. Brown an' his men had taken de Ferry an' de arsenel, an' was killin' de white an' cullud folks. Course, we couldn't know de truf, an' we got skeerd ter go down dar, les' it was only a plan ter git us ter show ourselves in a body an' den dar'd be a 'scuse for killin' or sellin' us; an' we'd been cheated so many times afore, we ter't we'd better do nuffin, till we see wot Mr. Brown did. When the sojers come and took him, we kep' quiet."

"But how did it happen that the white people never knew it?"

"Why, cos no cullud man would tell, 'an Mr. Brown, he an' his men wouldn't tell, 'an dey used de roll of names for de wads to de guns, or some such ting, so I've heered.—Any ways, no one ebber know'd wot become of it."

"If Mr. Brown had waited another day do you think many negroes would have joined him?"

"Many! Why, Lieutenant, more'n dere is in dis army would have been wid him in two days, an' dey had fout fur him till all was killed, ef'dey could hab believed in de white men bein true."

"Did you ever see Mr. Brown after that?"

"No, sar; we didn't dare to say nuffin 'bout him to de white folks. We talked 'bout him to ourselves, but neber let anybody know it. One night some of de Shepherdstown boys went 'tween night an' mornin' to dar fields back ob Charlestown, where we could see de jail whar he was, and we sat dar tinkin', an' tinkin' till the night was done gone, an' we could hardly get back to de plantation 'fore mornin'; but I tell you, Lieutenant, dar warn't many sich men as Mr. Brown; he was de Sabour an' Redeemer ob de cullud people, an' mos' ob dem beliebe he was Jesus Christ cum back for to sabe us."

☞ E. B. Washburne, Pres't. Grant's particular friend, now Minister to Paris, is a knowing old chap—an out-and-outer in politics. A recent investigation develops the fact that besides getting the full complment of offices for citizens of his State—Illinois—he also had a host of "Suckers" appointed to offices and charged up to the Territories.—Elihu B. is a sly chap and a valuable possession for any State. He is doubtless appreciated in Illinois.

☞ Fields Cook, negro, has announced himself as an independent candidate for Congress in the Richmond district, against Porter, the carpet-bag nominee. Cook said the one hundred and five thousand colored voters in the State could not be controlled by the twenty-five thousand white men that belonged to the party, and if the twenty-five thousand attempted it, the one hundred and five thousand would make it "mighty hot" for them.

☞ At latest advices from the headquarters of our national gift-enterprise concern, the race between Grant's relatives and the niggers is pretty even, relatives being ahead. Thank fortune, he is willing to give somebody office, no matter whether he honors those who elevated him to power or not.

☞ The other day in the United States Senate, Senator Sprague said something about the "barkings of a puppy dog," when straightway one Abbott, of North Carolina, assumed the epithet was meant for him, and went off into a fearful rage. It is funny to see how readily these scalawags recognize an appropriate name.

☞ The Cleveland *Plain Dealer* gently punctures Don Piatt's inflated description of the late encounter between Butler and Schenck. It styles the proceeding "a set-to between a puritanical spoon thief and a Western black-leg."

STANTON, THE WOMAN-MURDERER, BAPTIZED!—The *State Journal* says:—"Secretary Stanton was lately baptized and joined a church in Pittsburg." If there be any church-joining that can save such a cowardly murderer as Stanton; then, indeed, the vilest of all sinners need have no fears.—But what new rascality is Stanton preparing to perpetrate now?

An Eastern Address to the President.

The following is the address of Rabbi Sneersohn to President Grant in behalf of the appointment of an Isrelite as United States consul in Palestine, mentioned in a Washington letter. The Rabbi said:

"Mr. President: Permit me to give my thanks to the Almighty, whose mercy brought me here to behold the face of the chosen by millions of this great nation. Blessed be the Lord, who imparteth from His wisdom and from His honor to a mortal! I come to your Excellency from the East, where the glory of your deeds of valor, your candor and your justice have penetrated, to interest you in the name of God, who created all men equal, to listen to the prayer of your humble servant, standing before you to advocate the cause of his oppressed brethren in the Holy Land.—The Israelites in Palestine possess no political or civil rights whatever, and deprived of protection by the representatives of the civilized nations which the Christians enjoy, are exposed to violence and arbitrary rule. The only shelter the Israelites occasionally find is in the courts of the different European consulates, where one of their co-religionists is employed either as interperter or deputy consul, who conveys their grievances to the proper channel. This free republic alone, whose banner covers the oppressed, whose foundation is based on equality, toleration and liberty of conscience, has no Israelite employed near the consul at Jerusalem. I do pray, therefore, your Excellency to turn your attention to the deplorable condition of my brethren in the Orient, that the principles of this government may be truly embodied in its representative abroad; and I do further pray that your Excellency may show me that mark of favor which would enable my brethren in the Holy Land, in the hour of need, to seek refuge under the stars and stripes, that this free country and its exalted chief should be blessed on the sacred spot of our common ancestors."

President Grant replied briefly but courteously, promising to examine into the matter referred to, and do what he could to remedy any grievances which existed.

Before he left Rabbi Sneersohn said:—"Before I part from you, Mr. President, allow me to offer my fervent prayer from the depth of my heart: Almighty God, whose dominion is an everlasting kingdom, may He bless and preserve, guard and assist your Excellency and your family. May the Supreme King of kings grant you long life, and inspire you with benevolence and friendship towards all mankind."

"All Nurseries in One."

There is an enterprising fellow in New York city who advertises that his establishment combines "all nurseries in one." He has no nursery of his own, but if you will order from him, he will order from any nursery he chooses, and this plan, he maintains, gives his customers the advantage of "all nurseries in one."

Grant appears to be running these United States on this plan. Among the nominations and confirmations last week were the follwing: Ex Governor Curtin as Minister to Russia; Ebenezer Bassett as Minister to Hayti, and E. S. Parker as Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Curtin is a White man, Bassett is a Negro and Parker is an Indian!

Having the advantage of "all nurseries in one," Grant can fill any order he may receive. To the white people of Russia he can send a white man; to the Negroes of Hayti he can send a Negro, and to his old friends the "Diggers" he can give and Indian.

A friend suggests that the colors of our National standard need changing. Red, white and blue ought to give place to red, white and black. Let the beautiful color of the Negro shine out on the flag.—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

CUBA.—The New York *Metropolitan Record*, after showing the inconsistency and heartlessness of the Republican cry for the acquisition of Cuba, adds:

In due time, we may add, the Democracy will take care of the question. The Democratic party is the only party that can befriend the cause of constitutional freedom anywhere. It annexed Louisiana in spite of the old Federal party; it annexed Texas and California against the united resistance of the old Whig party—the progenitor of the modern Black Republican organization—and in due time, we repeat, it will see to the annexation of Cuba, should circumstances render that step justifiable. The patriotism, the pluck, the brains and the statesmanship to plan and to execute great enterprises of that character are, as they have always been, with Democracy—not with the shallow-pated, narrow-minded, shrivelled-up, provincial politicians who engineer the Black Republican "Ism," and of whom the badly whipped Red River "Bobbin Boy" is supposed to be a pretty fair representative.

—Daniel Frederick Beakman, the last survivor of the revolution, died at Sandusky, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., on the morning of April 5, at the green old age of 109 years, being born in New Jersey about 1760. When a child, his parents emigrated to the Mohawk Valley, where they lived during the revolutionary war. Previous to the skirmish or battle of Fort Plain, in 1778, young Beakman was enrolled in the militia, and took part in that battle—his first services. About 1845 he removed to the town of Freedom, Cattaraugus county, where he has since resided. His wife, with whom he has lived for over eighty-five years, was two years his senior, and died six years ago, aged 105. In all applications made by his friends in his behalf for a pension, there was a failure for want of proof, until February, 1867, when a special act was passed by Congress, allowing him and Grey, of Ohio, 500 hundred dollars per annum.

☞ Dana, of the New York *Sun*, declines the position of Appraiser of Merchandize at the port of New York. The bribe is not big enough for him. He says:

I already hold an office of responsibility as the conductor of an independant newspaper, and I am persuaded that to abandon it or neglect it for the functions you offer me would be to leave a superior duty for one of much less importance. Nor is it certain that I cannot do more to help you in the pure and efficient administration of the Treasury Department by remaining here and denouncing and exposing politicial immorality, than I could do as Appraiser by the most zealous effort to insure the faithful and honest collection of the customs.

—The Richmond *Enquirer* says: We learn that the directory of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company have in contemplation the scheme of selling out to the Pennsylvania railroad (commonly known as the Pennsylvania Central) the State's interest in the Virginia Central railroad ($2,000,000) and the State's interest in the Blue Ridge railroad ($1,674,00,) and that if the sales were made, the Pennsylvania railroad would build a road from Pittsburg to Charleston, on the Kanawha, or some other point in West Virginia, connecting their line with the Chesapeake and Ohio road.

VALLEY ITEMS.

From our Valley exchanges, we copy the following items:—

—A new line of stages will shortly be put on the road between Strausburg and Capon Springs.

—Little Willie Clayton, son of Wm. K Clayton, deceased, of Augusta county was drowned on the 16th instant.

—On the 8th inst., the large three-story brick dwelling, near the Natural Bridge, owned and occupied by Mr. Jacob Grim, was destroyed by fire.

—The committee appeinted to select a suitable location for the Fair Grounds of the Shenandoah Valley Agricultural Society, has finally selected and closed the contract for some twenty acres of land, belonging to Mr. Stine, located on the Pughtown grade, near Winchester.

—On last Tuesay afternoon Andrew Roney, aged about four years, a son of Mr. Martin Roney, of Winchester, whilst playing on the open common near the W. & P. R. R. depot was kicked in the stomach by a horse. Drs. Miller and Baldwin were called in, but all remedies failing, the little fellow died on Wednesday morning.

—Mr. James M. Carter of Staunton, met with a most painful accident on Thursday week, by which his right leg was broken.—He was holding two horses, attached to a spring wagon, on West Main street, in front of his house and, seeing two ladies approaching, he led them forward a few steps, in order to clear the street-crossing, when the horses took fright and ran down Main street. He held on to them a distance of about two squares, when he was thrown down across the curb-stone, and the wagon passed over both his thigh bone and causing a compound fracture.

APPOINTED.—Doctor David S. Pinnell, of Upshur county, in this State, and for some years Speaker of the West Virginia House of Delegates, has been appointed Consul at Melbourne, Australia, instead of Col. George R. Latham, Copper-Johnson personage. Latham, will hardly regard this as "fair play" on the part of Pinnell, but as we have the latter's assurance that he detests the "Foul Play" of the *Intelligencer*, it is not to be supposed that he will engage in that sort of thing on his own account. Give Pinnell a fair chance and he will annex Australia to Upshur county and fix the Capital at Buckhannon.

[*Wheeling Register.*

MARRIED.

At the Presbyterian Parsonage in this place, on Wednesday morning last, by Rev. A. C. Hopkins, Mr. CHARLES D. SHINER to Miss ELIZA TAYLOR, daughter of Mr. Eben Taylor—all of Winchester.

On Tuesday morning last, the 20th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Silas Billings, Mr. J. WILLIAM TAYLOR to Miss NANNIE BUTLER, daughter of Wm. G. Butler, Esq.—all of this county.

On the 18th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage in Shepherdstown, by Rev. D. H. Bittle, Mr. J. S YONTZ, of that place, to Miss ISABELLA REYNOLD, of Bridgeport, Md.

On the 11th inst., by Rev. W. G. Coe, Mr. JAMES W. SMITH to Miss JANE POTTS—both of this county.

In Martinsburg, at the Episcopal Church, on the 20th inst., by Rev. Wm D Hanson, Mr. ALFRED T. MILLER and Miss MARTHA E. BARINGER—both of Berkeley county.

On the 30th ult., by Rev. Father Kain, PATRICK HELEN to Miss ANN P. FREISE—both of Martinsburg.

On the 19th inst., by Rev. W. T. Lower, Mr. CHARLES STUNKEL to Miss SUSAN SMELTZER—both of Martinsburg.

On the 15th inst., by the same, Mr. JOHN R. STANLEY to Miss MARTHA H. VANMETER—both of Berkeley county.

On the 18th inst., by the same, Mr. HENRY C. FARROW to Miss MARY J. HELEN—all of Martinsburg.

DIED.

Near Leetown, Jefferson county, Va., on the 2d of April, 1869, Mrs. ANN REBECCA WATSON, wife of Mr. John T. Watson and daughter of Jacob and Ann Rosenberger, of Shenandoah county, Va. She was a kind and affectionate wife, and tender mother. She leaves a kind and tender husband and two little children, and a large circle of friends, to mourn her loss. S. R. W.

☞ *Winchester Times and Rockingham Register please copy.*

At Harper's Ferry, March 18th 1869, Mr CHAS. M GRAVES, aged 19 years. The deceased was a faithful member of the Sons of Temperance at that place.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

REPORTED WEEKLY BY

HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
124 South Eutaw St., Baltimore

SATURDAY, April 24, 1869.

GOLD.—133¾.

FLOUR—Super	$ 5.75a 6.75
" Extra	8 00a 9.00
" Family	9 50a10 50
WHEAT—White	1.90a 2 25
" Red	1 60a 2 25
CORN	79a 85
RYE	1.45a 1.50
OATS	65a 75
CLOVERSEED	9.50a 9.75
TIMOTHY	4 37a 4 50
FLAXSEED	2 50a 2.55
BACON	14¼a 21
LARD	19¼a 19½
BUTTER	30a 42
BEESWAX	43a 45
EGGS	17a 20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Walton & Craighill's
AUCTION SALE.

WE will sell at Public Auction, at our warerooms, (Maj. Hawks' Factory,) on

SATURDAY, MAY 1st, 1869,

ONE GOOD BROWN MARE,

Eight years old, works well in harness, sound and all right;

TWO GOOD HORSES;

THREE GOOD BUGGIES;

TWO FARM WAGONS;

Wagon and Plough Harness, Buggy Harness, a lot of Stoves, Tables, Chairs, and

Furniture of Every Description.

Two pair of *WAGON SPRINGS*—good as new.

☞ Come every one, as we will have goods to suit you all.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, P. M.

WALTON & CRAIGHILL,
Real Estate and Personalty Agents.

J. D. POTTERFIELD, Auctioneer.

April 27, 1869.

INFORMATION WANTED,

CONCERNING the residence or whereabouts of AMY THORNTON and RANSOM THORNTON, by their brother, Reuben Thornton. Amy went to the neighborhood of Frederick City, Md., Ransom to Madison county, Va. Any person knowing their residence will please communicate with Jno. M. Coyle, Charlestown, W. Va., their former owner, with whom their brother Reuben is now living, and very anxious to see or hear from them.—He wishes to take them to his mother, who is living in Farmville, Va. REUBEN THORNTON,
Near Charlestown, W. Va.

April 27, 1869—3t. Frederick Citizen copy.

JUST IN TIME!

J. GOLDSMITH has received, and is now opening, a superb stock of

SPRING GOODS,

to which he invites especial attention, with a confidence that the wants of all can be fully met. Examine his stock before you purchase.

April 27, 1869.

NEW GOODS.

I HAVE just received a general assortment of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions, City-made Shoes and Hats; also a general line of Groceries.—Call and examine. JNO. H. CAMPBELL.

April 27, 1869.

MAGNOLIA Water equal to the best Cologne, for sale by W. S. MASON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Valuable Real Property,
IN CHARLESTOWN.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, rendered at its last term, in the chancery suit of George W. Spotts, vs. S. B. McDaniel, &c., I will sell, on

FRIDAY, the 28th day of MAY, next,

At Public Auction, in front of the Carter House in Charlestown,

THE LOT

lying on the Railroad, in Charlestown, formerly owned by Andrew Hunter and by him sold to William Reid, deceased, containing

THREE ACRES AND A HALF,

subject to the life-estate of Sarah B. McDaniel, widow of Jackson McDaniel, in the house she now occupies, and small enclosure thereto attached, with the out-buildings therein embraced

TERMS OF SALE.

One third cash; balance in Six and Twelve Months, secured by bonds of purchaser, and title retained till last bond is fully paid.

EDWARD C. FREEL,
Special Commissioner.

April 27, 1869—ts.

JUST OPENED!
THE CARTER HOUSE BAR!

THE undersigned desires to announce to the public, that he has rented the basement of the Carter House, and opened a bar for the accomodation of such persons as may feel disposed to give their encouragement to a quiet and orderly establishment, in which will be found

THE MOST SUPERIOR LIQUORS,

embracing Brandy, Whiskey, Gin, and Wines of elegant flavor and quality.

All the drinks usually indulged in the hot season, now approaching, will be compounded after the most approved style.

He respectfully invites a call from his friends who feel like taking their potations, either plain or mixed.

☞ JULEPS prepared in the most artistic and attractive style. CHAS. H. S. BAXTER.

April 27, 1869—tf.

NOTICE,

PERSONS indebted to the undersigned are hereby notified to make settlement by the first day of May. All accounts remaining unsettled at that time will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. J. R. AVIS.

April 27, 1869.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

SAM Houston's Fire and Water-proof Cement, for mending China, Glass, Ivory, Marble, Porcelain, Wood, Leather or Bone, just received and for sale by W. S. MASON.

COLBY'S Liniment—for Man or Beast—just received and for sale by W. S. MASON.

NEW GOODS.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS of every variety—Plain and Striped Muslins, Swiss Muslins, White Jaconets, Brilliant, Summer Balmorals, Black and Colored Alpacas, White Trimmings and Edgings, Cotton Hose, Ladies' Gloves, &c., &c.

April 27, 1869. A. W. CRAMER.

LADIES' SHOES—Larting, Kid and Morocco Gaiters, Misses' and Children's Shoes of all kinds. A. W. CRAMER.

CASSIMERES for Gentlemen; Cassimeres, Tweeds and Jeans for Boys; Angola and Cotton Socks, Gloves, Collars and Cravats. A. W. CRAMER.

DOMESTIC GOODS—Bleached and Brown Cotton and Sheetings, Bed Ticking, Apron Checks and Ginghams, Hickory Shirting, Farmers' Linen Drilling, Plaid Cottons, &c. A. W. CRAMER.

GROCERIES of all kinds, Flour, Corn Meal, Superior Green Tea, Screenings.

April 27. A. W. CRAMER.

QUEENSWARE, Woodenware, Brooms, &c.

April 27. A. W. CRAMER.

SPRING GOODS.

THE undersigned have just opened their Spring Stock of Goods, which they respectfully invite all to call and examine before purchasing.

April 27. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

NEW HERRING.—We have just received a prime article of Herring.

April 27. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

IRISIN.

THIS powerful vegetable alterative will cure scrofula in its various forms, and other constitutional affections and taints, whether hereditary or acquired, such as Eruptions of the Skin, Incipient consumption, Rheumatism and Gout. It is an infallible preventive and cure for Neuralgia, Sick-Headache and Nervousness, Diseases of Women, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Passages. Just received and for sale by

Harper's Ferry, April 27. C. E. BELLER.

A Rich Gloss instead of Grey Decay.—London Hair Color-Restorer and Dressing—highly perfumed for the toilet, and decidedly the most cleanly and best article yet known for restoring grey hair to its original color. A greater certainty of the growth of the hair may be expected from the use of the London Hair Restorer, than anything which has ever been brought before the American public. Price 75 cents. For sale by

Harper's Ferry, April 27. C. E. BELLER.

OXYGENATED Bitters, a sure remedy for Dyspepsia, General Debility, and all diseases having their origin in imperfect digestion or a deranged condition of the stomach, for sale by

Harper's Ferry, April 27. C. E. BELLER.

MAW'S Nursing Bottle and extra Tubes, for sale by C. E. BELLER.

MORNING STAR BITTERS.—Six Cases just received. Persons requiring a tonic will find these Bitters very beneficial. They are sold for a less price than any other Bitters in the Market.—We will make a large deduction on retail price to persons wishing to purchase them by the case of one dozen bottles.

April 27, AISQUITH & WASHINGTON.

WE are the sole Agents for the sale of Dr. Jaynes' Preparations in this town. These medicines are too thoroughly known to require comment.—Jaynes' Almanac, one of the best published in America, furnished free of charge at our store.

April 28. AISQUITH & WASHINGTON.

POULTERER'S FRIEND, or Chicken Powders—to cure and prevent gapes and cholera in poultry, we offer at the reduced price of fifteen cents a package. AISQUITH & WASHINGTON.

SAM HOUSTON'S Fire and Water pr of Cement for mending China, Glass, Ivory, Marble, Porcelain, Leather, &c., for sale by

April 27. AISQUITH & WASHINGTON.

WHITE and Brown Sugars—20 barrels of Crushed, Coffee, Granulated, Pulverized and Brown Sugars, just received and for sale at lowest prices for Cash by W. EBY.

CANNED FRUITS, Jelly, Tomatoes, Pickled, Spiced and Fresh Oysters, Chow Chow, Brandy Peaches, Tomato Catsup, Pepper Sauce, Pickled Onions and Cucumbers, just received by

April 27. W. EBY.

BACON—Hams, Sides and Shoulders; Sapsago and Pine Apple Cheese, and Fresh Crackers for sale by W. EBY.

BOLOGNA Sausage, Fresh Lobsters, Macaroni, Scotch Herring, Salad Oil, Chocolate, Broma and Cocoa, for sale by W. EBY.

HANDSOME Sets French China, Gold Band and Plain, and a large assortment of Queens and Glassware. W. EBY.

20 SACKS Rio, Java, Laguyra, Maricabo and Roasted Coffee, for sale at lowest prices for Cash by W. EBY.

10 BBLS. Superior and Low priced Syrups and Molasses, for sale by W. EBY.

DESSICCATED Cocoanut, Corn Starch, Rice Flour, and Flavoring Extracts. W. EBY.

CONCENTRATED Lye, Woman's Friend and Olive Soaps, for sale by W. EBY.

CREAM Tartar, Baking Soda, Yeast Powder and Spices, for sale by W. EBY.

AXLE Grease, Zinc and Wood Washboards, for sale by W. EBY.

ONE Case Parlor and Excelsior Matches, for sale by W. EBY.

WOODWARE—an assortment on hand for sale by W. EBY.

SEVERAL kinds of choice Seed Potatoes, for sale by McCURDY & DUKE.

THREE Bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets, 5 lbs. Silver Skin Onion Seed, just received and for sale by McCURDY & DUKE.

WHITEWASH Brushes, Hand Garden Plows, Sheep Shears, for sale by

April 27. McCURDY & DUKE.

FAMILY Flour, Extra Flour, Corn Meal, Offal, Midlings, Screenings Oats and Corn, for sale by McCURDY & DUKE.

JUST received a lot of superior Cook Stoves, for wood or coal, for sale by

April 27. McCURDY & DUKE.

A LARGE stock of Peas and Beans, all kinds; a full stock of Garden Seeds, for sale by

April 27. McCURDY & DUKE.

150 BUSHELS No. 1 SEED POTATOES, for sale by JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE WORKING CLASS:—I am now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at their homes, the whole of the time, or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Fifty cents to $5 per evening, is easily earned by persons of either sex, and the boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. Great inducements are offered those who will devote their whole time to the business; and, that every person who sees this notice, may send me their address and test the business for themselves, I make the following unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied with the business, I will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing me. Full particulars, directions, &c., sent free. Sample sent by mail for 10 cents. Address E. C. ALLEN, Augusta, Me.

AGENTS WANTED FOR GOLDEN SHEAVES. This work abounds in thrilling sketches, moral tales, strange occurrences, gems of thought, strains of eloquence, stirring incidents, rich repartees and choicest specimens of the purest literature. Pleases all, offends none. Price very low. Address ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO., Cincinnati, O., Philadelphia, Pa., or St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED for the only steel engraving of Gen. Grant and his family, published with their approval. Size 15x19. Address GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

Hendelson's National Bank Note Reporter AND FINANCIAL GAZETTE.

A. COHN, PUBLISHER, Office 75 Nassau St, N. Y. REPORTS and describes Counterfeits so accurately that the poorest judge may detect them; quotes Banks and Bank officers; also, Price Current of various merchandise, and of the N. Y. Stock Exchange, besides other valuable information. Subscriptions may commence with any month. MONTHLY (per annum), $1.50. SEMI-MONTHLY (per annum), $3.00. All letters must be addressed to A. COHN, Publisher, 75 Nassau Street, New York. Letter Box 5196.

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

MESSRS. LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Gents:—We have been using your make of Gang Saws in our Mill, and find them, in point of quality, superior to any we have ever used. Yours, &c.,

SHAW, BLANCHARD, & CO.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL:—We have no trouble with your Saws; they don't need to be lined up with paper; we put them on the Mandrel and they go right along. Temper perfectly uniform and quality unsurpassed. Respectfully,

CHAS. J. FOX.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
Manufacturers of Circular, Mulay, Mill Gang and Cross-Cut Saws. Chopping Axes, all shapes. Colbur's Patent Axe. Shovels, Spades and Mikes' Patent Covered Scoop.

WANTED, AGENTS, $75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years.—We will pay $1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and

Spirit of Jefferson

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Census of Charlestown.

We have of late heard conjectures as to the number of inhabitants in Charlestown.—From the fact that many new buildings have been erected since the war, and that all the old houses are occupied, the inference has been drawn that there was a decided increase in population. But a carefully taken census does not justify this inference, and as well as our memory serves us as to our population before the war, we fall about fifty short of what we had in 1860. One of our employees, with a view to gratify a public desire, voluntarily engaged to ascertain the number of our inhabitants, and on Saturday evening last completed his labors. On figuring up he produces the following result:

WHITES—Male Adults	275		
Female Adults	308		
Male Minors	244		
Female Minors	250		
Total	1077		1077
NEGROES—Male Adults	109		
Female Adults	155		
Male Minors	126		
Female Minors	163		
Total	553		553
Aggregate			1630

OUTRAGE NEAR DUFFIELDS.—A correspondent writing to us from Duffield's, under date of April 20th, furnishes the following account of an attempt at robbery and murder near that place:—

A shocking affair occurred near here yesterday afternoon. A young fiend about 22 years old, clad in a black frock coat, cap, &c., professing to be on the hunt of work, called at the house of Mr. Edward Sullivan, (a foreman on the railroad) one mile West of this place, on the B. & O. R. R., and finding no one at home but Mrs. Sullivan and a girl about 8 years of age, made some enquiry about the hands. After being informed that none were near, he demanded all the money in the house, and said if they gave an alarm he would shoot them both, at which time he looked out of the front door. Mrs. S., taking advantage of the opportunity, tried to make her escape out of the back door, but the wretch, still bent on accomplishing his object, ran around the house, and grabbing a pick handle, met her near the door, struck her a severe blow on the head with it, and then fled in the direction of Charlestown.—A couple of boys followed in sight of him nearly to Charlestown, hoping to get assistance enough to capture him, but night overtaking them they were compelled to give up the chase. Others were in pursuit, but returned without getting sight of the villain. Mrs. S. has a bad cut on her head, but is doing well. The physician says he thinks there is no danger.

NEGRO SPOUTING.—On Wednesday evening last, at the colored Baptist Church, of this town, our unbleached American population, was entertained with a lecture from *Mrs. Frances Ellen Watkins Harper*, a colored *lady* of some fame, who hails from the Athens of America, the far off town of Boston. We did not hear the lecture, as the evening was most too warm for comfortable or agreeable confinement in a close room with so large a number of the *genus* African as attended the lecture. We understand, however, that the sable lecturess spread herself in real Bostonian style, making the greatest display possible, with the smallest amount of information. Her subject was "The Nation's Great Opportunity," which, we must of course suppose she understood, for how could a Boston negro or negress, who has had opportunities of listening to Senator Sumner, fail to be familiarized with the necessities of this great nation, and appreciate fully the grand period for striking the successful blow for its glory and renown. Mrs. Harper has studied her part of the drama, and if we may credit accounts, plays it to perfection. If she will visit us again, and deliver her lecture, when the autumn frosts have come to dissipate the miasmatic influences of a crowded room, we will go to hear her, and then will be prepared to give her a first class notice.

DEATH OF A WEST VIRGINIAN.—A dispatch from Richmond announces the death of Gen. Thos. S. HAYMOND, which occurred in that city on Wednesday of last week.—Previous to the war, Gen. H. resided in Marion county in this State, and was a prominent citizen of that section. For a number of years, though opposed politically to a large majority of the people of the county, he was their representative in the House of Delegates—his personal popularity and influence overcoming political prejudices whenever he became a candidate. He represented the Wheeling District in Congress from 1849 to 1851, and was again a candidate in the latter year, but was defeated by Judge Geo. W. Thompson. In all the relations of life, Gen. Haymond was a true and well-tried man, and his death, though occurring at an advanced age, may be regarded as a calamity.

MORAL REFORMATION.—One day last week, a delegation of Quakers from various parts of the Union, headed by Mr. Samuel M. Janney, of Loudoun co., Virginia, waited upon the President by invitation, and had an interview of half an hour upon the subject of the moral reformation of the South. It is proposed by them to appoint a superintendent of the Quaker interest at the South, whose duty it shall be to visit the members of the sect in all the Southern States, and endeavor to work some improvement in the condition of the people in that section. President Grant received them cordially, and the interview was a very pleasant one.

A VISIT.—Yesterday afternoon, whilst preparing our forms for the press, our sanctum was greeted with the genial face of friend ZITTLE, of the Shepherdstown *Register*.—Mrs. Z. is in Maryland, on a visit to relatives, and Zit has seized the opportunity of her absence to "roam the pastures green."—Will somebody look after him when he leaves Charlestown.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—The first Quarterly Meeting of the M. E. Church, South, for Jefferson Circuit, will be held in Charlestown, commencing on Saturday, May 8th. It is expected that the Presiding Elder, Rev. W. S. Baird, and perhaps other ministers, will be in attendance.

Circuit Court.

The Spring term of the Circuit Court of this county, sitting at Shepherdstown for the past two weeks, terminated its session on Friday last. During the week the following cases were disposed of:

State *vs.* Charles Hardy.—Attempt to commit a rape on a white child aged 10 years, at Harper's Ferry. Verdict of jury, guilty, fine $500. Sentence of Court six months in jail. Stubbs and Davies for the State; Beltzhoover for defence.

State *vs.* Thompson.—Obtaining money under false pretences. Verdict of jury, not guilty. Stubbs for State; Blackburn and Beltzhoover for defence.

D. L. Anderson *vs.* G. L. Weaver—appeal. An action arising from a contract for hauling. Verdict for defendant. Kennedy for plaintiff; Andrews for defendant.

George Washington *vs.* N. S. White, surviving partner of White & Botts. An action arising from a transaction with Lawson Botts, as law partner. Verdict for plaintiff. Freel and Faulkner for plaintiff; Swearingen for defendant.

J. H. Campbell, Adm'r., vs. G. W. Milstead. Appeal. Action on account for taxes. Verdict for defendant. Swearingen for plaintiff, Kennedy for defendant.

L. B. Benner vs. E. B. Haines, Adm'r. of Winpigler. Action for recovery of damages for delivery of flour, inferior in quality to that purchased by the plaintiff. Verdict for plaintiff. Beltzhoover for plaintiff, Kennedy for defendant.

Charles Aglionby vs. John H. Strider.—Assumpsit for recovery of an order for $175,-00, given by defendant. Verdict for defendant. White and Swearingen for plaintiff. Fouke and Faulkner for defendant.

On motion, Lewis M. Blackford, Esq., late of York, Pa., now of Sharpsburg, Md., was admitted to the Bar of this County.

G. M. Beltzhoover, Esq., was appointed Master Commissioner of the Circuit Court, and qualified as such.

States vs. James Cook. Indictment for Perjury. The jury after hanging for two days, and being unable to agree were discharged by the Court, and *nolle prosequi* entered by the State. Stubbs for the State. Beltzhoover for defence.

John M. Coyle vs. John Taylor. Action for interest on Bond. Verdict for defendant. Swearingen and Faulkner for plaintiff. Kennedy for defendant. Motion pending for a new trial.

State vs. Lewis Johnson. Indictment for assault with intent to kill. Verdict, guilty of assault, fine $5.00 and costs. Stubbs and Swearingen for State. Kennedy for defence.

SUPERVISORS COURT.—The Board of Supervisors of Jefferson county met at Shepherdstown, on Monday the 19th instant. We copy so much of the proceedings of the Board as relates to this portion of the county:—

The following resolution was adopted, to wit:

Resolved, That the assent of the Supervisors of the County of Jefferson be given to the assignment, to H. S. Baxter, for the unexpired term thereof, of the liquor license granted W. W. Burton on the 20th day of June, 1868, the board being satisfied that the said H. S. Baxter, is of good moral character, and not of intemperate habits.

Ordered, that license be granted John W. Dalgarn to keep hotel in the Hull property in the town of Charlestown, the board being satisfied that the said John W. Dalgarn is of good moral character and not of intemperate habits.

Ordered, that license be granted B. F. Engle to sell liquors at his store in Halltown, the board being satisfied that the said B. F. Engle is of good moral character, and not of intemperate habits.

The following petition was presented, to wit:—April 19, 1869—To the Board of Supervisors:—Your petitioner desires to have a road opened from his mill, lying near Charlestown (if found practicable), to what is familiarly known in the neighborhood as "*Manning's Gate*," at a point on the Charlestown and Bloomery mill road, about one and a half miles from Charlestown, and about the same distance from the mill. It is generally considered to be the best route the road can be located upon, both for the interest of the petitioner and the community.

The route contemplated is to leave the mill in the direction of Charlestown, running upon the land of the petitioner, to its terminus in the direction of the said gate; thence continuing in the same direction through the land of Mr. Frank Manning, to a point intersecting the line between himself, and his brother Charles Manning, to some point at which it would be desirable to leave said line, and proceed in a direct line to the gate. He desires to have viewers appointed for the purpose of examining said road, and also others leading in other directions, if within the power of your body to clothe them with these general orders. He begs leave also to state that his property is heavily taxed, whilst he is compelled to take a merely nominal rent for it, for the want of a road; the tenant thereof being compelled to rely entirely upon the private roads of his neighbors to enable any one to get to or from his mill.

Very Respectfully,
R. N. ROHER.

On motion, Geo. W. Eichelberger, William Risler and Henry W. Castleman were appointed viewers to examine the route of the road asked for in the petition, and report thereupon according to law, to this board at a future meeting.

The following resolution was passed, to wit:—Resolved, That Samuel Ridenour be and he is hereby appointed a special agent of this board, who after having given notice of the time and place of sale in all the newspapers published in this county for a period of four weeks, shall proceed to sell the Real Estate belonging to this county, situated in the town of Charlestown, either at private sale or public auction, whichever will bring the highest price; but before he shall receive any money as the proceeds of said sale, he shall execute a bond with good security, to be approved by this board, in the penalty of $10,-000, conditioned for the faithful execution of said authority, and the disbursement of the proceeds of said sale as may be directed by this board, and report to this board at a future meeting; but said sale, if made is not valid until ratified and confirmed by this board.

I. O. O. F.—The Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Virginia, met in Petersburg on Wednesday last, and adjourned on Thursday evening, 17th inst., after a harmonious and pleasant session. The next meeting of the Grand Lodge of Virginia will be held in the hall of Madison Lodge, No. 6, Winchester, on the Wednesday after the second Monday in April, 1870.—The next meeting of the Grand Encampment will be held in the same place immediately after the adjournment of the Grand Lodge.

ENTERPRISE.—Messrs. Weirick & Weller have added to their Foundery and Machine Shop a 10 horse power steam engine. This is an energetic firm, and deserves success.

NEW CHURCH AT BEDINGTON.—We learn from the *New Era*, that the corner stone of the new Methodist Church, South, at Bedington, Berkeley county, will be laid on the 17th day of May—Whit-Monday. The Martinsburg Lodge of Masons are to perform the ceremony, and they will invite the Masons of Charlestown, Shepherdstown, Winchester, Bruceetown, Smithfield, Bunker Hill, and Hedgesville, to be present. Also the Masons of Hagerstown, Sharpsburg, and Boonsboro', Md. The Odd Fellows of Hedgesville will take part, and invite the Odd Fellows of the above named places to join them, and also the Odd Fellows of Clearspring, Md. Rev. A. W. Wilson, of Baltimore, and perhaps Rev. Nelson Head will be present. All the ministers of this district in connection with the Methodist Church, South, and the ministers of all other denominations are cordially invited to be present. It is the purpose to secure the grove around the Sulphur Spring for Dinner. Horse feed will be furnished at a reasonable price, so that man and beast can be fed. An effort will be made to secure the services of the Martinsburg Band—if that cannot be had, then some other will be present. On the whole, the occasion promises to be one of interest, and will doubtless attract a large crowd of visitors.

DRAMATIC.—The audience in attendance on the performances of the Charlestown Dramatic Association at Hoff's Hall, on Saturday evening, was one of the largest ever drawn together in this town, and enjoyed the evening's entertainment with a zest rarely equalled. The rendition of the several characters by the company was admirable, and the satisfaction of the audience very general.—The character of the "*Drunkard*," by Mr. E. R. Harrell, was portrayed to life, at the different stages from the moderate drinker to the excessive inebriate, with all the horrors of delirium upon him. The music on the occasion elicited the highest meed of praise, and was such as only the gifted Kirby company are capable of rendering.—The scenery used on Saturday night, the production of native artists, was grand. By special request, the performances will be repeated at an early day, of which due notice will be given.

JUST IN SEASON.—Anticipating the wants of the community and appreciating the changes of the seasons, Mr. Gustav Brown, at his confectionary on Main street, has replenished his stock, and is now fully prepared to offer every article in his line upon terms as favorable as it can be purchased anywhere in the Valley of Virginia. His recent additions embrace a choice supply of candies, fruits, nuts, and fancy articles—some of which are very rare and really beautiful. On Saturday evening last, his Ice Cream Saloon was regularly opened, and will be kept running night and day until the autumn frosts commence falling. The elegant style in which his saloon is fitted up for the accommodation of ladies, renders it one of the most attractive places in the town, and those who resort there for the purpose of partaking of refreshments, will receive every attention that can be bestowed by an agreeable host. Parties wishing ice cream by the gallon will be supplied at the shortest possible notice.

REMOVAL.—Mr. Wilson, the Postmaster at Harper's Ferry, has been removed, we understand, and Alexander Fossett appointed in his stead. Mr. Wilson is a clever and accommodating gentleman, and, we believe, filled the position with ability, but he was a Johnson appointee, and had to lose his head, that "peace" might reign.

Another Atrocious Outrage COMMITTED!

THE people of our community have been greatly excited during the past week, at the freaks of the Agent of the Broadway House. He is daily receiving large supplies of

SPRING GOODS,

and has been selling them at such figures that the people actually think he has gone crazy, or that the goods have been stolen. Sprague's, Lancaster and Merrimac Calicos—the prettiest ever brought to town—at 10, 12½, 13 and 14 cents; Spring Poplins, Mouslins and Delaines, at marvelously cheap figures. A large supply of New Trimmings at less than manufacturers' prices. Ladies', Gents' and Children's Shoes and Gaiters—all styles—at a song. A new stock of Gents' Spring Hats (felt) at from 50 cents to $1.50. All other goods at equally astonishing prices.

☞ Call at the BROADWAY HOUSE, and judge for yourselves.

AUCTION SATURDAY NIGHT, Apr. 24.

April 6, 1869. HEUGES, Agent.

Thirty Carriages,

NEW and Second Hand, just received and for sale at greatly reduced prices—a variety of patterns—prices ranging from $75 to $500.

100,000 FEET OF YELLOW PINE LUMBER, of all sizes; Dressed Flooring, and a fine lot of Weather-Boarding. Goodola Stuff always on hand.

LIME, LIME!

The best Maryland Whitewashing Lime for sale by the Bushel, Barrel or Car-Load. I have also 5,000 GOOD OAK SHINGLES. A LOT OF LOCUST POSTS.

W. J. HAWKS, Agent.

April 20, 1869—3m. F. P.

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Mercantile Business to my sons, the business will hereafter be conducted by them. With my acknowledgments for the patronage hitherto extended, a continuance of your favors is respectfully solicited for the new firm. DAVID HOWELL.

April 1st 1869.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

WE, the undersigned, have formed a Co-Partnership, and will conduct the Mercantile Business at the old stand under the name and style of Howell & Bro. Thanking you for your past liberal patronage, we hope by strict attention to merit a continuance of the same.

SAMUEL HOWELL,
DAVID HOWELL, Jr.

Charlestown, April 20, 1869.

FOR SALE.

I WILL sell a No. 1 Two-Horse WAGON and HARNESS, and also One YOUNG MARE—having no further use for same.

April 20, 1869—tf. JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

LAST NOTICE.

WE have patiently waited to see what our customers were going to do, and we must ask all who owe us small balances, to pay them at once, and those who have large ones depending upon the growing crops for the means of payment, to come forward at once and give their notes with security, payable September 1st 1869. All of those who fail to comply with either of these proposals before the 1st of May will find their accounts in the hands of White & Trapnell. RANSON & DUKE.

April 20, 1869—3t F. P. copy.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Warner A. Thomson, deceased, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make payment at once. Those having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

April 20, 1869—3t. JOHN THOMSON.

NEW GOODS.

I AM now receiving a general assortment of Seasonable Goods. A. W. CRAMER.

April 20, 1869.

4-4 BLEACHED Cotton, 4-4 Brown do., heavy and fine; Plaid Osnaburg Cotton, Domestic Gingham, for sale by D. HOWELL.

CANNON'S, Drake's, Hostetter's, Hoofland's and Morning-Star Bitters, for sale by

February 2, 1869. W. S. MASON.

PUBLIC SALES.

Public Sale.

UNDER authority of two Deeds of Trust to the undersigned, as Trustees, the first executed on the 1st of February, 1867, by H. F. Beall and T. P. Beall, and the last on the 22d of January, 1867, by B. F. Beall, to secure a debt due William Lucas, jr., deceased, (which debt was assigned by him to William and Robert Lucas), we will sell at Public Auction on

FRIDAY, 23D DAY OF APRIL, 1869,

In front of the Carter House in Charlestown, the

Spirit of Jefferson.

A weekly newspaper published in Charlestown, Jefferson County, West Virginia, with the Press, Type, Fixtures, Good-will and all appurtenances to the office thereof, including valuable and almost new Long Primer, Display and Job Type. This Paper was established in 1844 by the veteran editor, James W. Beller, who afterwards sold it at private sale for $6,000. It has a subscription of 800, an advertising patronage of $2 000 per annum, and established reputation as one of the best country Papers in the State, and a location in the heart of the wealthiest rural district in West Virginia. Parties wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine the books of the Paper.

TERMS made known on day of Sale. A reasonable credit on part of the purchase money.

ANDREW HUNTER.
THOS. C. GREEN,
March 9, 1869. Trustees.

POSTPONEMENT.

By consent of the parties interested, the above sale is postponed until SATURDAY, May 8, 1869.

ANDREW HUNTER,
THOS. C. GREEN.

March 30, 1869

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned, administrator of Warner A. Thomson, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of the deceased, near Summit Point Depot, on

THURSDAY, the 29th of APRIL, 1869,

ALL THE

Personal Property

of deceased, consisting, in part, as follows:—

Two HORSES,
One light Spring Wagon and Harness,
One Horse Cart and Gears,
A lot of LUMBER—Oak and Pine;
Shingles and Plastering Lath,
One Shot Gun, Grindstone, &c.

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding;
Tables, Chairs,
One Book Case and Secretary,
One Desk, One Clock,
One COOKING STOVE—nearly new;

Also, A FEW BARRELS OF CORN AND SOME

Bacon.

TERMS OF SALE.—The Corn and Bacon will be sold for Cash. On the other property, a credit of Six Months will be given on all sums over Ten Dollars, the purchaser giving bond and approved security.

JOHN THOMSON,
April 20, 1869. Administrator.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE WREATH OF EGLANTINE, and other Poems, Edited and in part Composed by DANIEL BENNGER LUCAS, of Virginia. 12mo., cloth extra, beveled boards. Printed on fine tinted paper and handsomely illustrated by DAVID E. HENDERSON, of Virginia.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"We have read no poem for a long time which can compare with 'St. Agnes' in beauty and power of expression.—*Wm. Times.*

"We can recommend it to the literary community, with the assurance that it will bring pleasure to many firesides, and beguile many an hour delightfully and profitably."—*N. O. Commercial Bulletin.*

"He [the author] has power, fancy, imagination—indeed the inspiration of genius."—*Balt. Statesman.*

"Barring whatever immoral tendency this poem [St. Agnes] may contain, it is decidedly one of the most beautiful in conception, and elegant in execution we have ever read."—*Maryland Free Press.*

"The book should meet with a very good sale"—*St. Louis Times.*

"A true Poem from the South; let us say that it is real poetry, and risk our critical reputation on the reception it will meet with."—Mrs. Margaret J. Preston, in *The Land we Love.*

"Love, pathos, patriotism, poetry, victory—all blending in one harmonious strain, sweet, sad, sustained and triumphant!"—*Fredericksburg News.*

"'St. Agnes of Guienne' is a gem; some of its passages equal anything found in modern poetry.' *Virginia Herald.*

"It has rarely been our pleasure to find so many gems of beauty in any late publication of a similar kind."—*Bulletin Commercial.*

"There is so much richness, so much music, so much poetry in it, that we would like to impart it, if we could, to our readers."—*Baltimore Bulletin.*

"We know of few things in late Southern literature finer than this little lyric."—*N. Y. Round Table* (ultra Radical.)

"Mr. Lucas, of Virginia, has gained a very wide reputation as a poet. In the recent collection of Southern War Poetry there are few poems equal to his.—*Home Monthly Magazine* (Nashville.)

"Many of the verses have the exquisite nicety of finish which dazzles in a Keats'.—*John Esten Cooke*

March 16 1869. KELLY, PIET & CO.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, on the first Monday in April, 1869:

John H. Campbell and wife,
vs.
Nancy Atwell, John Allen, and Fanny Allen, his wife, Eliza Carter, John J. Monroe, and Mary A. his wife, Stephen J. Gaunt, and Elizabeth D. C. his wife, Wm. H. Travers, Administrator, debonis non with the will annexed of Hannah Hurst, Allen C. Hammond, and Catharine H. his wife, James Wysong, and Lucy S. his wife, George D. Wiltshire, and Elizabeth his wife, Orra S. Janney, Catharine A. Hurst and Harriet M. O'Bannon.

THE object of this suit is to obtain a decree to equalize the Legatees of Hannah Hurst in the division of certain slaves devised by her, and to attach the interest of Mary A. Monroe, Elizabeth D. C. Gaunt and Eliza Carter, in the estate of said Hannah Hurst, in the hands of Wm. H. Travers, her Administrator with the will annexed, to be administered until the further order of the Court. And it appearing on affidavit filed in this suit, that the said Nancy Atwell, John Allen, and Fanny his wife, Eliza Carter, John J. Monroe, and Mary A. his wife, Stephen J. Gaunt, and Elizabeth D. C. his wife, are non residents of this State, they are hereby required to appear within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this matter. It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in any newspaper in said county, and posted at the front door of the Court-House thereof, on the first Monday after the date of this order. Teste

W. A. CHAPLINE, Clerk.

White & Trapnell, P. Q.

April 6, 1869—5t.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, West Virginia, April 5th, 1869:

Peter H. Rouse,
vs.
George W. Eichelberger, Executor of Lewis S. Eichelberger, and W. W. Eichelberger. } In Chancery.

THE object of this suit is to obtain a Decree for the specific performance of a contract of sale of land, and it appearing from affidavit filed in this cause, that the said defendant, W. W. Eichelberger, is a non-resident of the State of West Virginia, he is hereby required to appear within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this matter.—It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in any newspaper in said county, and posted at the front door of the Court-House thereof, on the first Monday after the date of this order. Teste.

W. A. CHAPLINE, Clerk C. C.

April 6, 1869—5t.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

Bone Dust, Bone Dust!

GROUND BY OURSELVES,
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES. Also,

Grimes' Pat. Raw Bone Phosphate,

AT $40 PER TON.

THE past two years have fully realized this RAW BONE PHOSPHATE to be the Cheapest and Best in the Market, and unsurpassed by the highest priced Guanos. Its adaptation to Wheat, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Tobacco, Garden Truck, Grasses, &c., has been fully and most satisfactorily tested. Finely ground and suitable for drilling, put up in Bags of 167 lbs. each.

O. P. MERRYMAN & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers, 54 S. Gay St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

GEO. E. CORDELL, Agent,
Charlestown, West Virginia.

March 23, 1869.

NEW GOODS.—Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Ginghams, Plaid Cottons, Checks, Ticking, Hickory Shirts, &c., just received at

A. W. CRAMER'S

February 16, 1869. Cash Store.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Turner's Flour and Corn Meal, at A. W. CRAMER'S

February 16, 1869. Cash Store.

SHEPHERDSTOWN TRADE.

NEW GOODS AT THE LADIES' STORE, FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WE have just returned from the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets with a large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.—We name in part as follows:—

DRESS GOODS.

Plain, Striped and Chene Poplins, Lenos, Lustres, French and Jaconet Lawns in great variety. Also, Plain and Striped DeLains Piques, &c.

MOURNING GOODS.

Bombazine, double and single width; DeLaines, Alpacas, Crepe Moretts, Lawns, Ginghams, English Crape Veils, Gloves, &c.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Calicos, a very large and complete stock of Ginghams; 4-4, 5-4 and 10-4 Sheetings; Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Shirting Stripes, Drills, Table Diapers, Cottonades, Plain and Striped Linen, &c.

WHITE GOODS.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambrics; Plain and Plaid Nainsooks, Swiss, Striped and Plaid Organdies, Irish Linens, Bird Eye Diapers, &c.

A LARGE VARIETY OF NOTIONS.

Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, &c.

GOODS FOR FUNERALS.

Orders for these goods will receive special and prompt attention, and be furnished at low rates.

Persons in want of any of the above goods will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing, as they have been bought since the recent decline, for Cash, and we are confident that we can offer bargains.

☞ Remember, we consider it no trouble to show goods. TERMS CASH.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a liberal share of patronage in the future.

RICKARD & WELSHANS.

Shepherdstown, April 20, 1869.

THE VALLEY CHIEF,

SELF RAKING

Reaper & Mower.

IS offered to the Farmers of Berkeley and Jefferson counties, with the GUARANTEE that it WILL CUT AND RAKE WET, TANGLED AND LODGED GRAIN, even when it LIES FLAT AND DIRECTLY FROM THE KNIFE, better than it can be done by the ordinary cradle and hand rake. This fact was fully tested in the harvest of 1868, and we respectfully refer to the following gentlemen who purchased and used these machines:—Messrs. W. T. McQuilkin, Adrian W. Jones, M. B. Lemen, Thomas Files, Hiram H. Lemen, Jenifer Hudgel, Aaron Fulk, Hugh McKee, and many others.

THE VALLEY CHIEF has Two Driving Wheels, and is a double jointed flexible bar machine, giving it more advantages in taking up lodged and tangled grain than other machines have in mowing.—Height of cut from one to fifteen inches can be regulated without stopping.

THE SELF RAKE is perfect, and never fails on account of the wheat being Wet, Dry, Short, Tufts, Tangled or Lodged.

Pamphlets containing full description and testimonials, furnished on application.

Price of Valley Chief Mower, $130; freight added.
Combined Reaper and Mower, usual size, $200; freight added.
Large No. 1 Reaper with extra Mower, $225; freight added.

JOHN T. BILLMYER, Agent,
Shepherdstown, West Va.
For Marsh, Grier & Co., Mount Joy, Pa.

March 30, 1869—3m.

OAK HALL

All Alive with a Fresh Stock of Made Up Clothing, for Spring and Summer wear, for Men and Boys.

SPECIAL attention has been directed to a large and well selected Stock of city made and Eastern Shoes, for Ladies, Gents, Misses and Children. The Stock of Hats for Men and Boys is well selected.—Wool, Felt and Straw Goods, embracing the latest styles. A good stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

All the late style Paper Collars, and Broad end Neck Ties, black and colored. Notions in variety, Trunks, Umbrellas, Valises, in short, everything kept in a well conducted Furnishing House. I would especially invite the trade to an examination of my stock, feeling confident I can please in goods and in price.

Thankful for past favors, I hope to merit a continuance of the same. Drop in at the New Sign, at Oak Hall. LLOYD LICKLIDER.

Shepherdstown, April 20, 1869 tf

NEW STORE AND NEW STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

Just Received and Opened at the Store-Room formerly occupied by D. S. Rentch.

THE undersigned has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Shepherdstown and neighborhood, that he has commenced Merchandizing in Shepherdstown, and intends to carry on the same in all its various branches. It is unnecessary to give a list of articles and prices—it will be sufficient to say that everything that is required in a well regulated Store will be kept.

☞ I promise to sell Goods upon the most reasonable terms, and invite all Cash purchasers to give me a call and examine Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

M. W. PRICE,
Formerly of Harper's Ferry.

Shepherdstown, April 6, 1869.

NOTICE TO PAINTERS & FARMERS.

I WOULD respectfully call the attention of Painters, Farmers, and others having painting of any kind to do, to my large and well selected stock of

WHITE LEAD AND COLORS,

Consisting in part of

LEWIS' PURE WHITE LEAD, PURE BUCK LEAD, WHITE LEAD ZINC—Chemically Combined one of the best White Paints known; CHROME GREEN, YELLOW, RED, BLACK, AND BROWN PAINTS.

Having purchased the above goods for Cash, I am enabled to offer bargains to cash or prompt buyers. Give me a call before purchasing; no charge for showing goods, and am satisfied that I can sell 10 to 15 percent. cheaper than any other house in the county. H. M. BILLINGS, Druggist.

Shepherdstown, April 6, 1869.

HARPER'S FERRY TRADE.

GLORIOUS TIDINGS!

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

IN the midst of the political excitement, JNO. L. SCHILLING continues to solicit the attention of the Public generally, to his well selected stock of

CLOTHING

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS AND NOTIONS.

All of which will be sold to give perfect satisfaction. His stock of Sample Goods is calculated to please the most fastidious, and Suits will be made to order on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to fit. Feeling thankful for past patronage, he would respectfully solicit the continuance of the influence extended by appreciative patrons, which he will endeavor to merit. JNO. L. SCHILLING.

Opposite Shenandoah Hotel.

Harper's Ferry, November 3, 1868.

GARDEN SEED.

BURST'S Philadelphia Seed, embracing Early Tom Thumb, Bishop Dwarf, Marrowfat and Early Kent Peas. Six Week, Large Yellow and German Wax Soup Beans. Onion Sets, with all the different seeds at Five Cents a Paper. All fresh and warranted genuine, for sale by

March 9 C. E. BELLER.

JUST received a large supply of Paints, consisting, in part, of Lewis' Lead, Cheapsake do., Pure Linseed Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Chrome Green, Chrome Yellow, Dry and in Oil; Burnt and Raw Umber, dry and in oil; Zinc Dryer, Japan Varnish, Window Glass of all sizes; also a large supply of Paint, Varnish and Sash Brushes—all of which I can sell as low as any house this side of Baltimore. Give me a call before purchasing

Harper's Ferry, April 20. C. E. BELLER.

JONES' Alterative and Digestive Powder.—Unlike numerous so-called Cattle Powders, this preparation is compounded upon reasoning scientific principles, from those plants which observation has proven to be resorted to by the animal in a state of nature, when laboring under any peculiar malady. Apart from its beneficial effect on sick or dejected cattle and horses, it possesses, in a pre eminent degree, the rare properties of flesh rebuilding and fat creating. For Milch Cows it is unequalled. For sale by C. E. BELLER.

Harper's Ferry, April 20.

FERRATED Wine of Wild Cherry.—This agreeable preparation combines two very important and valuable agents, Wild Cherry and Iron. For sale by C. E. BELLER.

HEISKELL'S Ointment for the cure of all eruptions of the skin, for sale by

Harper's Ferry, April 20. C. E. BELLER.

JUST RECEIVED,

A new and complete stock of GOODS, in my line, which I will offer at the lowest prices for CASH. W. EBY.

April 13, 1869.

JEWELRY, Watches and Clocks cheaper than ever at L. DINKLE'S.

SPRAGUE'S Prints, in choice new spring styles just opened by D. HOWELL.

REAL ESTATE.

PUBLIC SALE OF Valuable Real Estate

IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, W. VA.

PURSUANT to the will of the late Thomas Briscoe, of said county, I will offer for sale at Public Auction to the highest bidder, on

THURSDAY, MAY 27th, 1869,

In front of the Carter House, Charlestown, a

VERY VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND,

Of which the said Thomas Briscoe died seized and possessed, situate and lying in said county of Jefferson, West Virginia, on the Turnpike leading from Charlestown (on the Winchester and Potomac Railroad) to Harper's Ferry, about 1½ miles from the former place, and on the county road leading to Keyes' Ferry on the Shenandoah river. Said tract contains about 250 ACRES of

FIRST RATE LIME STONE LAND,

(a sufficient quantity of which is in fine TIMBER) and is convenient to Mills, Churches and Schools. The IMPROVEMENTS consist of

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING,

and the necessary OUT BUILDINGS, and a fine ORCHARD of Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry Trees. There are a number of FINE SPRINGS upon said farm, one of which is near the house, and also Running Water.

All Growing Crops to be received, with the right to secure and remove the same.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third Cash—the residue in one, two and three years (equal payments) with interest from date, to be paid annually; reserved payments to be secured by bonds of purchaser and Deed of Trust on the premises. Possession given at once. Plat will be exhibited on day of sale.

☞ Persons desiring to view the above property will call on Geo. W. Eichelberger and Thomas Hite, Esqs., residing near the land, or to E. M. Aisquith, Esq., at Charlestown. Title indisputable.—Refer to White & Trapnell, Attorneys at Law, Charlestown. JULIET W. BRISCOE,

March 9, 1869. Executrix.

SOMETHING NEW!

ALL THOSE WHO HAVE ANY KIND OF

PROPERTY TO DISPOSE OF,

READ!

WALTON & CRAIGHILL

WILL sell, at Public Auction, ALL KINDS OF PROPERTY, such as Horses, Cattle, Household Goods, Furniture, &c. Our terms will be moderate, and those who wish to sell Property of any description, will find it to their advantage to give us a call. All property left with us for sale will be properly registered, and prompt returns when sale is made. We will attend sales when a person wishes to dispose of his entire Stock, thereby giving the owner no expense whatever.

Real Estate sold at public auction, when desired. Auction Sales to take place at our Ware-Room, Charlestown. WALTON & CRAIGHILL,

Agents for the Sale of Real Estate And Personal Property.

J. D. POTTERFIELD, Auct'r.

February 23, 1869.

Rich Wood Farm FOR SALE.

THE farm known as "SHENSTON," lying on the Winchester & Potomac Railroad, 1 mile from Summit Point, 2½ from Cameron's Depot, and 4½ from Charlestown, in Jefferson county, West Virginia, is offered for sale. The farm contains

219 ACRES, 3 ROODS AND 30 POLES,

of the best LIMESTONE LAND. The Improvements consist of a large, commodious and substantial

BRICK DWELLING,

TENANT HOUSE, and SWITZER BARN, with sufficient Stabling for forty head of horses, CORN-HOUSE, SMOKE-HOUSE &c.; Two good WELLS of Superior Water—one in the yard—Cistern at the door; abundance of Stock Water on the farm.

An Orchard,

consisting of superior Winter Apples, and a fine variety of Cherries, Peaches, Pears, &c.

A further description of this well known property is deemed unnecessary. For terms, &c., application, by letter or otherwise, may be made to

THOMAS LOCK,
Summit Point, Jefferson county, W. Va.;
Or J. M. FOREMAN,
Jonesburg, Montgomery county, Mo.

February 2, 1869—tf.

VALUABLE FARM For Sale.

The Hill Farm,

BELONGING to the estate of the late James L. Ranson, is for sale. It is one of the

MOST VALUABLE

pieces of property in this county, and is so well known that I deem a description unnecessary.

I desire to sell at once, and will make the terms to suit any one desiring to purchase.

A. R. H. RANSON,
Executor of J. L. Ranson.

September 29, 1868—tf. F. P. copy.

WALTON & CRAIGHILL, Real Estate Agents,

CHARLESTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA,

ARE now prepared to enter and offer at PUBLIC OR PRIVATE SALE,

FARMS, MILLS, STORES, MANUFACTORIES, PRIVATE RESIDENCES, MACHINE SHOPS, &c.

Our Catalogue, containing a full description of a large number of farms and other properties, will be sent to all applicants. No charge for offering property for sale until sold

WALTON & CRAIGHILL.

November 10, 1868—tf.

Valuable Building Lots IN CHARLESTOWN, At Private Sale.

THE undersigned is having several acres of land, adjoining Charlestown on the South side, laid off into Building Lots, which will be disposed of privately. These lots are the most desirable in the town—beautifully located, commanding a fine view of the country round,

POETICAL.

THOU ART GROWING OLD, MY MOTHER.

Thou art growing old, my mother,
And thy brow is marked with care,
All furrowed is thine aged cheek,
Once beautiful and fair.
The soft brown locks are sadly changed;
Quiet cheek have settled there,
And touched, with many a freezing kiss,
Thy gently flowing hair.

Thou art growing old, my mother;
As I catch the half drawn sigh,
Well I know that years of sorrow
Have bedimmed thy melting eye;
But with gentle light it beameth,
Beameth on me even yet,
With a love that never changeth
Till the sun of life is set.

Thou art growing old, my mother;
Many of our household band
Have before thee journeyed onward,
To that far off "spirit land."
But thy voice in tender accents,
Still is falling on my ear,
Sweetly brightening my pathway,
Which, without thee, were so drear.

Thou art growing old, my mother,
And around thy youngest born,
Shadows gather—darkly gather—
Even in life's early morn.
But the blessed Saviour spareth
Thee to still protect thy child,
While the storms of sorrow hover,
Hover o'er her dark and wild!

Thou art growing old, my mother;
Soon I feel that thou wilt rest,
With the saintly souls departed,
In the regions of the blest.
Who will love me then, my mother,
When the last life cord is riven?
Let us pray that both together,
God will take us home to Heaven.

HUMOROUS.

Sut Lovengood's Daddy Acting Horse.

Almost every one has read this story of "Sut Lovengood's Daddy acting Horse" a dozen times, but we never see it without reading it with the same interest as when we first saw it, as Sut's inimitable style will make us laugh in spite of ourselves—and hence we re-produce it:

"Well one nite, dad he lay awake all nite, a' snorin' an' a rollin', an' a whisperin' to mama, an' next mornin' sess he:

"Sut, I'll tell you what we'll do—I'll be hoss myself, an' pull the plow, while you drive me, an' we'll brake up corn ground, an' then the old quilt (that's mam) an' the brats kin plant it or let it alone, jist as they d—n please."

So out we went to the paw-paw thicket, and peeled a right smart chance of bark, an' marm an' me made geers for dad, an' they become him mightly; then we would have a bridle, so I gits an old umbrella what I found—it's a little forked piece of iron sorter like unto a pitchfork, you know—an' we bent an' twisted it sorter into a bridle bit, small shape, (dad wanted a curb, as he sed he hadn't worked for some time, an' might sorter feel his oats, and go to cavortin.) Well, when we got the bridle and all fixed on dad, he champed the bit jist like a race hoss, (he was always a most complicated darned old fool;any how, an' mam allers sed so, when he wasn't about,) then I put on the geers, an' dad an' me goes to the field, I a leadin' dad by the bridle, an' totin' the gopher plow on my back. When we come to the fence, I let down a gap an' made dad mad; he wanted to jump the fence on his all fours, hoss way. I hitched him into the gopher an' away we went, dad leaning forward to his pullin', right peart, and we made sharp plowin', dad right over the bushes and sprouts, same as a race hoss, the only difference he went on two legs! Presently we come to a sassafrac patch, an' dad to keep up his character as a hoss, bolted square into it, and tore down a hornet's nest nigh unto as big as a boss's head, an' all the tribe kivered him right strate.

He rared, kicked once or twice, and fotched a squeel wusser nor any hoss in the district, and sot in runnin' away just as natural as ever you seed. I let go the lines, an' hollered Whoa, dad, whoa! but you might as well sed whoa to a locomotive. Geewhillikins! how he run. When he'd come to a bush he'd clear the top of it, gopher and all; praps he thought there mout be another settlement of bald hornets in it, and that it war safer to go over than thrue an' quicker done. Every now an' then he'd paw one fore leg an' then t'other, then he'd give hissef an open handed slap that sounded like a wagon whip, arunnin' all the time, and karrien that gopher about as fast an' high from the yearth as ever a gopher was carried, I swar. When he come to the fence, he busted rite thrue it taring nigh unto seven panuels, scatterin an' breakin' the rails mitily, and here he left the gopher, geers, single tree and klivis, all mixed up, not worth a durn. Most of his shirt stuck on the splintered end of a broken raie, an' nigh unto a pint of hornets staid with the shirt, astingin' it all over; the balance on 'em, about a gallon and a half, kept on with dad. He set out jist as fast as a hornet could fly, for it were the tightest race I ever did see, down through the sedge grass they all went, the hornets makin' it look sorter like a smoke all around dad's ball head, he with nothin' on but the bridle, an' nigh unto a yard of plow lines sailin' behind him.

I seed now that he was aimin' fur the swimmin' hole in the creek, whar the bluff is over twenty five feet perpendicular to the water, and hit's nigh onto twenty feet deep. To keep up his karacter as a hoss when he got to the bluff, he jist leaped off, or rather he jist kept on runnin'. Kerslung into the creek he went; I seed the water fly plum above the bluff from whar I was. Now, rite thar, boys, he overdone the thing, if that was what he was arter, for there's nary hoss ever foalded fool enough to leap over such a place; a cussed mule mout have done it, but dad warn't acting mule.

I crept up to the edge an' looked over; thar was old baldhead, for all the yearth, like a peeled onion, bobbin' up an' down, an' the hornets sailin' around turkey buzzard fashion, and every once in a while one, and sometimes ten, would make a dip at dad's head. He kept up a rite peart dodgin' under; sumtimes they'd hit him, and sumtimes arter, an' the water was kivered with drowned hornets.

"What on yearth are ye doin' thar, dad?" sez I. "Don't (dip) you see these infernal varmints (dip) arter me?" "Why," sez I, "them is hoss flies thar—ye aint really afreard of 'em, are ye?" "Hoss flies, h—ll!" sez dad; "they're rale (dip) genuine bald hornets, you (dip) infernal cuss!" "Well dad, you'll have to stay thar till nite and arter they go to roost, you come home, an' I'll feed you—I sorter think ye won't need any currym' for a week or so." "I wish I may never see to morrow (dip) if I don't ruinate you when I git out, sez dad. "Better say you wish you may never see another bald hornet it you ever play hoss again," sez I. And know'nd dad's unmodified nature, I broke in in them parts and never come to the copper mines—I staid hid out till the next arternoon when I seed a feller travlin' an' sez I, "What was goin' on at the kabin this side of the creek when you past?" "Why, nuthin' much, only a man sittin' in the door with nara shirt on, and a woman was greasin' his back and arms, an' he hadn't the first sign of an eye—all smooth." "That man was my dad," sez I." "Been much fighting in this neighborhood lately?" sez the traveler, rather drily. "Nun wuth speakin' of, personally or particularly," sez I. "Now boys, I aint seen dad since, and would be afeared to meet him in the next ten years. Let's drink."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Go to the Best.

YOUNG MEN

Who are desirous of preparing themselves *practically* for the ACTUAL DUTIES OF BUSINESS, should attend the

BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER

SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE,

No. 8 North Charles Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

The most complete and thoroughly appointed College of Business in the country, and the only institution of ACTUAL PRACTICE in the State of Maryland. Our course of instruction is wholly practical and arranged to meet the demand of the age; being conducted upon a thorough system of

ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE,

Affording to Students the facilities of a practical Business Education, by means of banks, representing money, and all the forms of business paper, such as Notes, Drafts, &c., together with Business Offices to represent the principal departments of trade and commerce.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The curriculum of study and practice in this Institution is the result of many years of experience, and the best combination of business talent to be found in the country. It embraces

BOOK-KEEPING IN ALL ITS DEPARTMENTS AND APPLICATIONS,
COMMERCIAL LAW,
COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC,
SPENCERIAN BUSINESS WRITING,
With incidental instruction in the principles of POLITICAL ECONOMY,
And a thorough training in BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE.

Spencerian.

The standard of Business Writing is adopted and taught in its purity at this Institution, by one of the most experienced and successful teachers of Business and Ornamental Penmanship in the country.

STUDENTS

Can enter at any time, as there are no vacations.—Special individual instruction to all Students.

THE CELEBRATED

Officially adopted and used in our Institution, and are UNSURPASSED BY ANY IN THE MARKET.

Five kinds. Samples for 20 cents.
Per Gross, $1.50. Quarter Gross Boxes, 50 cts.
Prepaid to any address.

No. 333, fine smooth points, adapted to school purposes and general writing.
No. 455. The National Pen. Medium points, for common use.
No. 8. The Ladies' Pen. Very fine and elastic. For Card Writing, Pen Drawing, and fine Ornamental Work, this Pen is unequaled.
No. 117. The Excelsior Pen. Smooth points, very flexible. This is the Pen for bold, free writing, striking off hand capitals, flourishing, &c.
No. 7. The Business Pen. Large size, coarse points, holding a large quantity of Ink. The points are very round, and do not stick into the paper and spatter the ink like most other coarse Pens.
The trade supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.
For further particulars send for *College Journal, Special Circular* and *Splendid Specimens of Penmanship*, (enclosing two letter stamps.) Address

THE BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Baltimore, Md.

January 5, 1869—1y

NO HUMBUG HERE!

CLOSING OUT SALE OF MY
ENTIRE STOCK OF WINTER GOODS,
REGARDLESS OF COST.

SACK OVERCOATS.—All Wool Gray Linsey Sack Overcoats $7, Fine Black Cloth do. $7 50 to $9. Pitercham do. $10.
FROCK OVERCOATS.—All Wool Gray Linsey Frock Overcoats $8, very heavy Black Cassimere do. $9 50 to $9. Fine Black Cloth do. $9 50.
MEN'S BUSINESS SACKS.—Heavy Fancy Cassinett $4, do. Gray Linsey $4, do Black Cassimere $4 50, do. Fancy Cassimere 5 00, 5 50, 6 00, 6 50 and $7 00.
MEN'S PANTS.—All Wool Gray Linsey $2 25, Very heavy Cassinett $1 50, do All Wool Cassimeres from $3 50 up.
MEN'S VESTS.—Very heavy Fancy Cassinet from $1 up do. Gray Factory Goods $1 50. do. Fancy All Wool Cassimeres 1 50 to $2.
BOYS' CLOTHING.—Jackets $2 up. Coats $3 50 up. Pants $1 50 up. Pitercham Overcoats $8.
LADIES' SONTAGS 75 cts, worth $1 25; Hoods 40 cts, worth 55; do. 45 cts, worth 60; do. 50 cts, worth 75; Children's do. 50 cts, worth 70; Capes $1, worth $1 50.
Ladies' Cloaks at one half their retail value.
All the above goods and a good many others too numerous to mention, will be sold regardless to cost. Those wishing great bargains will do well to call early, at the old stand formerly occupied by J. P. Brown as Post-Office, adjoining Humphrey Keyes' residence. J. GOLDSMITH.

January 19, 1868. F. P.

PREPARED VACUUM OIL BLACKING,

For Softening and Preserving HARNESS, BOOTS, SHOES, BUGGY TOPS, &c.

It renders Leather impervious to water.
It is superior to the best Neatsfoot Oil.
It is a certain preventive against cracking.
It does not fry out, leaving a gum on the surface, as other oils do, and perfect satisfaction is guaranteed when the directions for use (as given on the label of each can) are observed. For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by the subscriber, at his Clothing Store, Harford's Hotel, Berryville, Clarke, county, Va. Also by S. H. Wooddy, Charlestown, and Hillery, Willson & Johnson, Summit Point.
☞ Merchants supplied at Manufacturer's Prices and prompt attention given to orders.

F. WALDRON, Agent.

February 23, 1869—3m.

BRONSON'S PAT. WATER ELEVATOR.

HAVING secured the right of sale of Bronson's Patent Water Elevator, or Bucket Pump, in the counties of Jefferson, Berkeley and Morgan, I propose to supply the citizens of these counties with this invaluable Water Elevator, manufactured by Mr. Wernwag of Harper's Ferry, (one of the best Machinists in the country,) after an improved pattern. It is my desire, by way of introducing this patent, to have the privilege of affixing this Elevator to a limited number of the deepest Wells in the county. If they do not prove entirely satisfactory, they will be removed without cost. Parties desiring to test this Patent by having it affixed to their Wells or Cisterns, will please address me at Kabletown, Jefferson county, W. Va. JAMES TONGE.
P. S.—The name of the manufacturer alone, is sufficient guarantee that the Elevator will do all that we claim for it.

February 2, 1869—3m.

Lumber, Lumber!

THE undersigned is now receiving another lot of choice LUMBER of every description. He will constantly keep on hand, at his Lumber Yard in Shepherdstown, a large and general assortment of

WHITE AND YELLOW PINE PLANK,
JOIST AND SCANTLING,
PRIME SEASONED POPLAR PLANK,

of all widths and thickness, suitable for Cabinet purposes, &c. Also, HOOP POLES, CYPRESS AND OAK SHINGLES; all of which will be sold on reasonable terms for Cash.

February 2, 1869—tf. TOWNER SCHLEY.

EARLY YORK, Winningstadt, Oxheart, and other Cabbage Seeds, Tilden, Key's Prolific, Cook's Favorite, and other Tomatto Seeds. Cauliflower, Celery Seeds, for the hot bed, for sale by McCURDY & DUKE.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
Another supply just received by
October 20. A. W. CRAMER.

CALCIUM Oil and Burners, now for sale at L. DINKLE'S Jewelry Store.

CODFISH, Cheese and Maccaroni, for sale by
March 16, 1869. W. EBY.

GARDEN Seeds for sale by
March 16, 1869. W. EBY.

NEW Crop Gunpowder Tea of the finest quality, sold by W. EBY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT
Blood Purifier,
CURES
Scrofula in its Various Forms,
SUCH AS
Consumption in its Earlier stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidneys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Chronic Sore Eyes, &c
ALSO,
SYPHILIS
IN ALL ITS FORMS
DISEASES OF WOMEN,
Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Back, Imprudence in Life, Gravel.
GENERAL BAD HEALTH,
and all diseases of the
BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS & BLADDER.
It is a Perfect Renovator.

☞ ROSADALIS eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
☞ It is PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.
☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle.

Recommended by the Medical Faculty and Many Thousands of our Best Citizens.

☞ For Testimonials of remarkable cures, see "ROSADALIS ALMANAC" for this year.

PREPARED ONLY BY
DR. J. J. LAWRENCE & CO.
244 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
For Sale by Druggists Everywhere

For sale by ASQUITH & BRO., Charlestown.
September 1, 1868—1y.

POULTERER'S FRIEND.

THE experience of the past season has enabled us to improve our Poulterer's Friend to an extent which makes it a sure preventive of Gapes. Do not wait until the chickens have the gapes, but commence feeding in small doses as early as possible after hatching. It's great value is as a preventive.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.

We are receiving letters daily informing us of the great success of our Powders in arresting the ravages of CHICKEN CHOLERA.
If you would save your fowls commence feeding at once, every other day.
For sale by Country Merchants generally, who are supplied with certificates and snow cards.

CLOTHORTHY & CO.,
339 Baltimore street, Baltimore.
Sole Propr's and Manufrs of Poulterer's Friend.
For sale by ASQUITH & WASHINGTON,
Charlestown.

April 13, 1869—6m.

[ISAAC B. MYERS. [JOHN L. SCHILLING.

ISAAC B. MYERS & Co

HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

NEWS FOR CLARKE!!

WHEREAS, the deplorable condition of affairs in Virginia has compelled many of her sons to seek a livelihood elsewhere, we are induced, being ourselves Virginians, to commence business in Berryville, Clarke county, among those whom we know to be Virginians, holding sentiments congenial to our own.
Therefore, We, the undersigned, would respectfully inform the citizens of Berryville and Clarke county, that we have opened at the

CLARKE COUNTY
CLOTHING STORE,

a fine and well selected stock of Clothing and GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS & NOTIONS,
ALSO, a select supply of CIGARS and TOBACCO.
Hoping by close attention to business to merit a fair share of the public patronage, and to become identified with the interests of the community, we shall be glad to have the citizens call at our NEW CORNER STORE, in Stahl's Coach Factory Building, on Main Street, opposite Mr Carter Shepherd's residence. I. B. MYERS & CO.

September 8, 1868—1y.

Homsher & Drawbaugh,

KEARNEYSVILLE, VA.,

HAVE just received another full stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which they are offering at greatly reduced prices, for CASH, or in exchange for Country Produce.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
In Great Varieties;
BLACK & COLOR'D ALPACAS, LAWNS, DELANES, &c.
A full line of
WHITE GOODS, NOTIONS & TRIMMINGS.

Their stock of Domestics is full and complete, consisting of Calicos, Brown and Bleached Cottons, Ginghams, Crash, Furniture, Checks, Striped Cottons, Denims, &c.

MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR,

Cassimeres, Tweeds, Cottonades, &c.; Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, &c. Their Groceries are choice, being selected with great care. Please give them a call, they warrant satisfaction.
☞ They also respectfully request those of their old customers who have failed to settle their old bills, to square up.

Kearneysville, April 20, 1869.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into a Co-Partnership under the firm of STARRY & LOCK, for the purpose of conducting the Produce Commission and Forwarding Business at the Charlestown Depot. J. D. STARRY.
Jan. 15, 1867. JNO. J. LOCK.

To the Farmers, Millers and Others

IN THE
COUNTIES of JEFFERSON & CLARKE.

HAVING associated ourselves in business for the purposes of the above Card, we will pay for Wheat, Flour, Corn and all other kinds of Produce the highest market prices in Cash, or will receive and forward on Commission, making sales and returns in the shortest time. STARRY & LOCK.

Charlestown Depot, Jan. 15, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having removed to Charlestown, wishes to inform the citizens of Jefferson and Clarke counties that he will have on hand for Spring planting, a large and full assortment of FRUIT, SHADE and ORNAMENTAL TREES, in large variety. Grape Vines of all sizes and of quality unsurpassed. Small Fruits—Strawberry Plants, Raspberry and Currant Plants, and everything else necessary for the Orchard and Fruit Garden. Also, Kitchen Garden Plants in Season, such as Cabbage, Tomato, Egg and Pepper Plants. I will also have a large variety of Roses and Bedding Plants generally.
Gardens on Mildred street, near Episcopal Church
WM. HOPKINS.

March 16, 1869—3m.

ENTLER'S SURE CURE,

Has never yet failed to cure the severest cases of Cholera, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Flux, Summer Complaint in children, &c. Manufactured by W. M. Entler & Co., Shepherdstown, W. Va. Price 35 cts per bottle. Full directions on each bottle. See circulars. Sold everywhere. No cure, no pay. Every person should keep it constantly on hand. For sale by
CAMPBELL & MASON, Charlestown.
June 23, 1868—1y.

FRESH GROUND PLASTER,
For sale by
HILLEARY, WILLSON & JOHNSON.
Summit Point, March 2, 1869.

PLOUGHS of all kinds, for sale by
April 6. JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

BRIAR Hooks and Mortar Hoes—new pattern—for sale by JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

AGRICULTURAL AND HARDWARE

Jas. Law. Hooff.

DEALER IN
Agricultural Implements,
AND
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
CHARLESTOWN, W. VA.

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT
Consists of

WOOD'S REAPER AND MOWER,

Separate or combined, with Self Rake. (These machines are the best in use. Agent for Clarke and Jefferson.)
SWEEPSTAKES THRESHING MACHINE, SEPARATOR AND HORSE POWER,
The best Thresher in the world
ALSO, THE NATIONAL, HOOSIER, and other HAY AND FODDER CUTTERS.
THE WILLOUGHBY GUM SPRING DRILL.
(Agent for two counties.)
Cider Mills, Horse Hay Rakes, Ploughs, Berea Grindstones, Pumps of all kinds, Scales, Corn Shellers, Wheat Fans, Dirt Scoops, Churns, Cradles, Scythes, Shovels, Forks, Spades and Rakes.
GUANOS.—J. J. Turner's Excelsior, Orchilla, Alta Vela, Ground Nerassa, and Pure Peruvian.
PHOSPHATES.—Berger & Butz, Chesapeake, South Carolina and other Phosphates.
SEEDS AND PLANTS, FOR FIELD & GARDEN.

THE HARDWARE DEPARTMENT,

CONSISTS OF
Iron, Steel, Horse Shoes, Mule Shoes, Horse Nails, and Blacksmiths' Supplies and Tools, such as Anvils, Bellows, Vises, &c.
IMPORTED AND AMERICAN CUTLERY.
Mortise Machines, Boring Machines, Jack Screws, Chains, Traces, Hames, Trowels, Nails, Spikes, Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Files, Chisels, Levels, Planes, Bevels, Wrenches, Hoes & Picks.
☞ Special advantages for furnishing Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, with warrant.
A complete stock of Tools and Supplies for Carpenters, Builders, Masons, Saddlers, Shoemakers and others, with many Housekeeping and Furnishing Goods, both American and Imported.
Thankful for past liberal support, I solicit orders for above and similar goods.
JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

March 2, 1869.

JOHN W. McCURDY.] [J. ED. DUKE.

McCURDY & DUKE,

(Successors to Ranson & Duke,)
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Hardware,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY, STOVES, FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c.
Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va.

HAVE in store and for sale:
A complete assortment of Builders' Hardware, Mechanics' Tools, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Horse and Mule Shoes and Nails, Forks, Shovels, Spades and Hoes, Carriage Axles, Hubs, Rims and Spokes, Shoe Findings, Harness Hardware, Cistern Pumps, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Wooden Ware, and many articles of Housekeeping and Furnishing Goods.

OUR AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

embraces all the latest and most approved Implements and Machines of all kinds. We are Agents for McCormick's Prize Reaper & Mower, Geiser's Thresher and Separator, Rickford & Huffman's and Keller's Gum Spring Grain Drills, all of R Sinclair & Co.'s Manufactures, Soluble Pacific Guano, Zell's Raw Bone and Super Phosphate of Lime, Patapsco Guano and other approved Fertilizers.
☞ Cash paid for BONES and OLD IRON.

January 12, 1869.

HOTELS.

JOHN M. LOCKE. MRS. MARY C. LUPTON.

American Hotel,

HARRISONBURG, VA.

THIS well-known Hotel has been entirely renovated, and the new Proprietors promise that Guests shall receive every comfort which well-stocked Larders, clean Beds, and attentive Servants afford.

TERMS, $2.50 PER DAY.

November 17, 1868—3m.

SHENANDOAH HOUSE.

Queen Street, Below Race,
MARTINSBURG, W. VA.
JOHN FELLER, PROPRIETOR.

NEW and large additions have just been built to this House, consisting of Dining Room, Sleeping Apartments, &c., and is now the best in the State, East of the Alleghany mountains. It is furnished in the most modern and elegant style, and travelers and the business public can be comfortably entertained at moderate rates.

THE BAR

rivals competition in the quality of its LIQUORS, and in every other matter pertaining to this department.
☞ We shall endeavor to please all who favor us with a call.

March 24, 1868.

ENTLER HOTEL,

SHEPHERDSTOWN, WEST VIRG'IA.
J. P. A. ENTLER, Proprietor.

July 17, 1866—tf.

ASQUITH & WASHINGTON,

DEALERS IN
DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS AND DYE STUFFS.

ALWAYS have on hand a complete stock of the above. They offer for sale one of the most complete assortments of Druggists'
FANCY GOODS AND SUNDRIES,
in the Lower Valley. A beautiful stock of Kerosine Lamps, Lanterns, and Lamp Goods. A large stock of Segars and Fine Chewing Tobacco.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Receipts entrusted to them will be compounded with neatness and accuracy *at all hours.*
☞ See Book Notice elsewhere.

January 26, 1869.

EACH DAY BRINGS SOMETHING NEW!

THE undersigned having rented the Shop over the Store of Messrs. Homsher & Drawbaugh, at Kearneysville, is prepared to execute all work in the

BOOT AND SHOE LINE,

with neatness and dispatch, and solicits a share of the public patronage. The best workmen only will be employed, and none but the best material used. All work warranted. Special attention given to LADIES' WORK, such as Congress, Front-Lace and Button Gaiters, Balmorals, &c.
☞ My shop at Duffield's will still be continued. Hides bought for Cash or Trade.
GEORGE H. HAGLEY.

March 30, 1869—1m.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned has just received another supply of new and beautiful GOODS in his line, suited to the tastes of all. The rapid sales, increasing demand, and exceedingly low prices in goods, have rendered it necessary to get another supply of goods this winter. Come quick and examine, and select while you have the choice, at
L. DINKLE'S
Charlestown, Jan. 19, 1869. Jewelry Store.

GARDEN, FIELD and FLOWER SEEDS.—We are offering a very large and well selected stock of Fresh Garden, Field and Flower Seeds of all kinds, from the best growers, such as Landreth, the Shakers and others. Catalogues, giving short directions for Cultivation, &c., sent free to any address on application.
McCURDY & DUKE, Charlestown.

GARDEN SEED.—We have received our stock of Garden Seed for next season. Our supply embraces all sorts of seed, in papers and in bulk.
Feb 16. ASQUITH & WASHINGTON.

KNITTING Cotton—all sizes—at
February 16, 1869. A. W. CRAMER'S Cash Store.

DUFFIELD'S TRADE.

THE OLD HUNTER STAND,

AT DUFFIELD'S DEPOT.

THE undersigned having just returned from the East, they are now prepared to offer to the public a large and well selected assortment of
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HARDWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, GROCERIES,
and every class of Goods usually kept in a Country Store. They have been bought with care at the lowest Cash prices, the advantages of which we will give to our customers. Our motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits." We have determined not to keep goods upon the shelves to look at—it requires too much capital to do so. Persons looking to their interest would do well to give us a call, examine our stock and satisfy themselves before purchasing elsewhere. We have determined to keep up the *reputation for Cheap Goods at the Old Hunter Stand.*
We keep constantly on hand Hawks' best Family Flour.
☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods, and the highest Cash prices paid for Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn.
WYSONG & GITTINGS.

Duffield's Depot, April 20, 1869.

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Snyder, Link & Osbourn, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The accounts are therefore ready for settlement, and promptness is expected. Either partner is authorized to use the name of the firm in settlement.
WM. M. SNYDER,
ADAM LINK, Jr.,
A. L. OSBOURN.

March 1, 1869.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of A. LINK & CO., for the purpose of conducting the mercantile business at the old stand, Duffields, and respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.
ADAM LINK, Jr.,
JOHN F. RANE,
A. L. OSBOURN.

March 2, 1869
Shepherdstown Register copy.

TO OUR OLD CUSTOMERS.

AS the firm of Snyder, Link & Osbourn, is about to close. It is our desire to close with it all old accounts. Old accounts must positively be settled before new ones are made, either by note or with the ready cash—the latter preferred. It is hoped none will excuse themselves, but each respond AT ONCE. We also take occasion to thank those who have patronized us in the past, and hope the firm about to take possession will find the same friends.
Respectfully,
SNYDER, LINK & OSBOURN.

February 27, 1869.
Shepherdstown Register copy.

MARBLE WORKS.

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS,

Main Street, Opposite the Carter House,
CHARLESTOWN.

Diehl & Bro

MANUFACTURERS OF
MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD & FOOT STONES, MANTLES, STATUES, AND CARVING,

in all its various branches, and all work in their business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest rate, and shortest notice, and all work delivered and put up, and guaranteed to suit purchasers.—If not, no sale. Please call and see, and judge for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and patronize Home Manufacturers.
The subscribers have also in operation their shop in Martinsburg, where they will give prompt attention to all work entrusted to them.
DIEHL & BRO.

Charlestown, Feb. 19, 1867—od May 15, 1866.

MECHANICAL.

DAVID H. COCKRILL.] [JOSEPH H. COCKRILL.

DAVID H. COCKRILL & SON,

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS,
Charlestown, Jefferson County,
VIRGINIA.

OUR experience in the business which we advertise to conduct, and our thorough acquaintance with it in all its branches, enable us to assure the public that any work entrusted to us will be executed in the most workmanlike manner, and with the utmost dispatch. Having stood to their posts in the Confederate army during the four years' struggle which it so manfully encountered, they have located in their native county, where they services are offered in building up the waste places, and in carrying out practical reconstruction.
Particular attention given at all times to the drawing of plans and specifications; and in the construction of
GEOMETRICAL STAIRWAYS,
where calculation is required, they are confident that they cannot be surpassed by any workmen in the Valley of Virginia.
☞ Being well known in the community, they deem it unnecessary to say more, than that orders left for them will receive prompt attention.

April 7, 1868—tf.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING permanently located in Charlestown, with a view to conducting the business of a
HOUSE-CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
I take this opportunity of informing the public that I will give prompt attention to all work that may be entrusted to my care. My experience in the business is such as to afford a guarantee that those who employ me will have no cause to regret it.
☞ My shop is at the residence of my father, Mr. Nathaniel Myers, where I will always be found, when not elsewhere engaged. When not at home, any orders may be left with my father.
SAMUEL MYERS.

Feb 11, 1868—1y.

SASH FACTORY.

THE undersigned are now prepared to furnish FRAMES, DOORS, BLINDS, SASH, FLOORING, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, or any kind of Scroll Sawing, and everything needed in the way of woodwork about the building of Houses, at our
"BLOOMERY SASH FACTORY,"
on the Shenandoah river, 2½ miles above Keyes' Ferry, 3 miles below Shannondale Springs, and 3 miles from Charlestown.
As this is a home enterprise we look for the patronage of our own people, and if they do not encourage us it will not be on account of either our prices, quality of work, or spirit of accommodation.
LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,
either Rough or Dressed, kept constantly on hand for sale. Post office, Charlestown, Jefferson county, West Va. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.
WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Manager.

April 14, 1868.

To the Public.

HAVING purchased a valuable tract of timber land, and located a Saw-Mill upon it with a capacity of sawing forty thousand feet of Lumber weekly, I will be prepared to furnish nearly
EVERY VARIETY OF LUMBER,
Such as Pine Plank, Joists, Rafters, Studding, Plastering Lath, Chestnut Palings, Oak Fencing Plank, &c.

Lumber will be kept constantly on hand at the Mill, 1½ miles above Kearsley & Sheerer's Planing Mill, on the Shenandoah river, and at Jas. Law. Hooff's Lumber yard at Charlestown.
Persons contemplating building will promote their interests by calling upon the subscriber in person, or Jas. Law. Hooff, before going elsewhere.
GEO. W. EICHELBERGER.

August 11, 1868—6m.

ATTENTION FARMERS!

HAVING completed such arrangements as are necessary, I am now about to resume operations at the
SHANNONDALE DISTILLERY,
and will pay the highest Cash price for CORN, RYE and HOGS. Farmers or others having these articles for sale, can apply to me in Charlestown or at the Distillery. JOHN AVIS.

January 5, 1869—tf.

KITCHEN CRYSTAL SOAP.

THIS justly celebrated Crystal Soap, for cleaning Paint is unrivalled, and for polishing silver, brass, and all metal wares, is vastly superior to anything ever offered for sale. Try it, and you would not be without it. Samples furnished free of charge. Just received and for sale by
March 16, 1869. W. S. MASON.

KNITTING COTTON.—Having purchased our Knitting Cotton before the recent advance, we can therefore furnish the very best article at a low price. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

January 26, 1869.

REPAIRING of all kinds pertaining to my line, and a great many things not in my line, done at L. DINKLE'S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

M. H. S.

No Humbug Here!

THE subscriber, having just returned from Frederick City, with an extensive stock of superior material, is prepared to offer to the citizens of Jefferson county, the very best bargains in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
manufactured under his own supervision, by the best city workmen. His stock is such as to recommend it to every judge of
LEATHER,
and has been purchased with great care from the manufactory of Messrs. Bantz & Wachter, of Frederick, the oldest and most experienced TANNERS in the State of Maryland. As he employs none but the best workmen—such as thoroughly understand the trade—and works none other than the best finished material, he feels confident of his ability to give satisfaction. Especial attention given to the finer quality of
LADIES' WORK.
For the accommodation of the trade, he will keep on hand, at all times, a complete assortment of
READY-MADE WORK,
which he will warrant to compare with any that can be found in the country.
REPAIRING done in the best style, on the shortest notice. NEW WORK and REPAIRING executed in from twelve to forty-eight hours, and no disappointments at the hour promised.
WATER-PROOF COMPOSITION.
He has constantly on hand a supply of this valuable article, which has been used during the past winter with entire satisfaction by many of his customers. He would refer those who wish to know something of its value to the following gentlemen, who have used it with effect, viz:—Dr. John D. Starry, W. J. Hawks, Capt. John J. Leck, W. Eby and George W. Eichelberger.

April 21, 1868—6m. J. C. KEMP.

SHRINER'S

BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP

Will cure the ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, BLOOD SPITTING, DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING, PAIN and WEAKNESS IN THE CHEST, TROUBLESOME COUGHING AT NIGHT, &c. It will effectually remove the Cough that frequently follows Measles, and any affection of the respiratory organs, no matter of how long standing, or whatever the age of the person. It acts as a specific, is purely vegetable, and is pleasant to the taste. Its effect is soothing, allaying the violence of the cough, facilitating expectoration, quieting the nerves and exhilirating the system.

Mothers, Save Your Children!

No child need die of CROUP, if this Syrup is used in time: *this is a fact demonstrated by experience.* No family should be without this Syrup, as that fatal disease, CROUP, comes like a thief in the night, to steal away your little ones, when regular medical aid cannot be obtained.

Prepared only by
DAVID E. FOUTZ,
Baltimore, Md.

CAMPBELL & MASON Wholesale and Retail Agents for Jefferson county.

June 16, 1868—1y.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

AT
HAMBURGER'S CHEAP CASH STORE.
GOODS SOLD BELOW THE LOWEST!
LOOK AND SEE THE PRICES!

BEST Calicos 10 and 12½ cents, Bleached & Brown Cottons—9d wide—from 12½ to 25 cents, best Spool Cotton 2 and 4 cents, Corset Stays 5 cents, French Corsets 75 to 90 cents, Kid Gloves $1, Yard wide Double Purple Calico 15 cents, Under Shirts 75 cents, Best Balmoral Skirts $1 25, Children's La Grand Duchess Corsel Skirts $1 25, Sewing Silks—all colors—5 cents a skein, Dress Buttons at your own price, 6 4 wide Table Linen at 50 cents—half price, a large assortment of Ribbon cheap, Gents' new style Linen Paper Cuffs at 6 cents a pair, and other goods too numerous to mention. Also, my
IMMENSE STOCK OF CLOTHING
must be sold, to make room for spring goods, at figures that will be satisfactory to all.
☞ Persons knowing themselves indebted will call and settle immediately, as no goods will be sold after this date without the Cash. Respectfully,
S. A. HAMBURGER.

March 9, 1869.

THE WILLCOX & GIBBS'
NOISELESS
FAMILY SEWING MACH